Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2024

Prepared by: County Auditor's Office

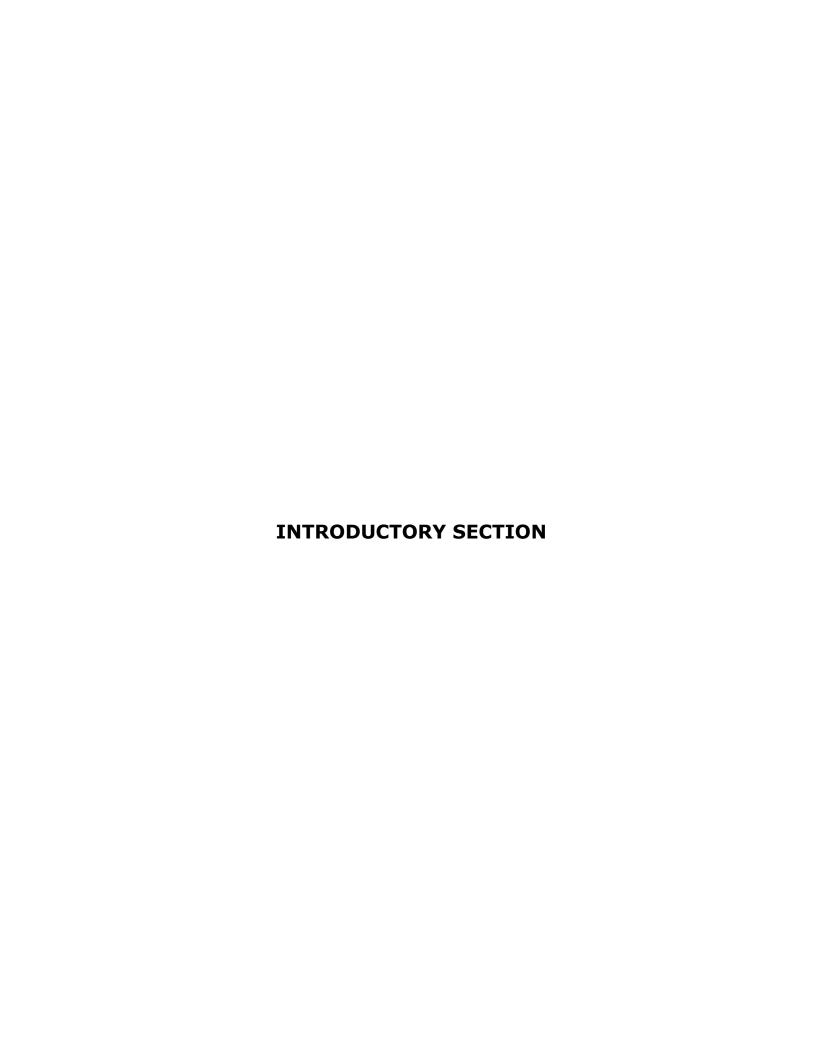
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

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NAVARRO COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE

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Terri L. Gillen

County Auditor Phone: (903) 654-3095 Fax: (903) 654-3097

June 30, 2025

Honorable District Judge of Navarro County, Honorable Members of the Navarro County Commissioners' Court, and Citizens

The County Auditor's Office proudly presents the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Navarro County, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. This report is submitted in compliance with Section 114.025 of the *Texas Local Government Code*.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Navarro County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect county assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the basic financial statements will be free from material misstatement. Responsibility for internal controls is shared by the Commissioners Court, which is the governing body of the County, the County Auditor, who is appointed by the District Judge, and the County Treasurer. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Navarro County's basic financial statements have been audited by Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the County, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of this report.

The independent audit of the basic financial statements of Navarro County was part of a broader, federally mandated *Single Audit* designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements

involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are presented in the Compliance Section of the report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The introduction includes this transmittal letter, the County's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Navarro County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the Financial Section of this report. The financial section also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statement, notes, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in addition to the report of the independent auditors on the financial statements and schedules. The statistical section of this report includes selected financial and demographic information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 44. This information is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

PROFILE OF NAVARRO COUNTY

Navarro County is located in north central Texas and is strategically central to the economic regions of Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and New Mexico, as well as centrally located within the United States. The county region was opened for settlement by the Mexican colonization laws and was included in an impresario grant to Thomas J. Chambers on September 23, 1834. The first Texas legislature created the County from Robertson County on March 30, 1846 and designated the town of Corsicana as a temporary seat of justice. The County's name honors Jose Antonio Navarro, a Texas patriot who chose the name Corsicana in honor of the Isle of Corsica, his father's birthplace. The County encompasses an area of 1,086 square miles. According to the 2024 Census, the estimated population for the County was 56,533.

The County is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four Commissioners and the County Judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5 Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The Commissioners Court sets the tax rate, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County and develops and adopts the County budget within the resources as estimated by the County Judge as assisted by the County Auditor. The Commissioners Court is also responsible for developing policies and orders, approving financial commitments and appointing various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioners Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners Court for approval.

The County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local government units. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budget hearings are posted annually in July, August and September, with the final budget approved by the Commissioners Court following the hearings. The final budget includes contingency and emergency reserve line items.

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Most appropriated budgets are prepared by fund, function, department and category. Capital expenditures are approved on a line item basis. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

An understanding of the financial condition of Navarro County is enhanced through a perspective of the environment in which the County operates.

Local Economy – The historic downtown district has made a major impact in Corsicana and continues to grow. The city of Corsicana also added new businesses, Layne's Chicken, McDonalds, and Dutch Brothers to name a few. The Crossroads Shopping Center added several retail stores with the first one opening in November, 2024, Academy Sports & Outdoors. Employment numbers increased during 2024. Navarro County had an unemployment rate of 4.5 percent, while the rate in December 2023 was 4.0 percent.

Long-term Financial Planning – The Commissioners Court continues to be very active in economic development to insure and promote continued growth throughout the County. Vigorous efforts to attract new industry to the area by the Navarro County Commissioners' Court, City of Corsicana and the Corsicana-Navarro County Chamber of Commerce continue. Navarro County and the City of Corsicana share an Economic Development Director to oversee these efforts, and the prospect of continued growth in the local economy is very encouraging at this time.

Navarro County residents should be optimistic about the new development taking place as a result of these cooperative efforts between our local governments and concerned residents. Our local economic development team continues to work diligently to create an atmosphere that attracts the type of business and industry that will allow Navarro County to continue to build the diversified economic base necessary to support and sustain growth and prosperity.

Major initiatives – Riot, an industry leader in vertically integrated Bitcoin mining and a digital infrastructure company purchased 265 acres of land in Navarro County approximately two years ago. By the end of 2024 they achieved their goal of building the largest known facility in the world. With four buildings at this facility, they have an expected total of 31 EH/s self-mining capacity. Riot will continue to develop into 2025, along with the employment they brought to the county of 165 local employees.

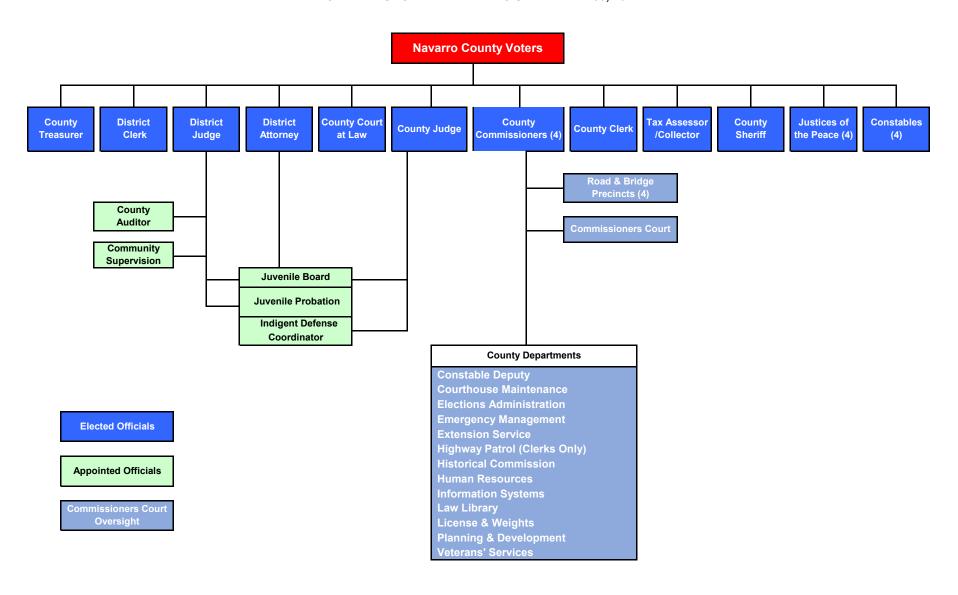
I would like to express my appreciation to the staff of the County Auditor's Office for their continuing diligence and dedication to the ever-changing responsibilities of the office. I would also like to thank the District Judge and the Commissioners' Court of Navarro County for their leadership and support during the past year.

Sincerely,

Terri Gillen

Terri Gillen Navarro County Auditor

NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR THE BUDGET YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2024



NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Commissioners Court

H. M. Davenport, Jr. County Judge

Jason Grant Commissioner, Precinct 1 Eddie Perry Commissioner, Precinct 2 Eddie Moore Commissioner, Precinct 3 David Brewer Commissioner, Precinct 4

Judicial

Judge, 13th Judicial District Court Judge, County Court at Law James Lagomarsino Amanda Putman Justice of the Peace, Precinct 1
Justice of the Peace, Precinct 2 Greta Jordan Darrell Waller Justice of the Peace, Precinct 3 Jackie Freeland John Cabano Justice of the Peace, Precinct 4

Law Enforcement

Elmer Tanner County Sheriff William Thompson **Criminal District Attorney** Mike Davis Constable, Precinct 1 Jay Williams Constable, Precinct 2 Bobby Rachel Constable, Precinct 3 Kipp Thomas Adam Minze** Constable, Precinct 4 **Deputy Constable** Chris Aldama* Adult Probation Director Juvenile Probation Director Jana Miller*

Financial Administration

County Auditor Terri L. Gillen* Ryan Douglas County Treasurer Mike Dowd County Tax Assessor/Collector

Recording Officials

Joshua Tackett District Clerk Sherry Dowd County Clerk

Emergency Management

Emergency Management Eric Meyers*

Coordinator

^{*} Denotes appointed officials. ** Denotes hired officials. All others listed are elected.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Navarro County, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Navarro County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The County's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.



Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR). The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2025, on our consideration of Navarro County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering of Navarro County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

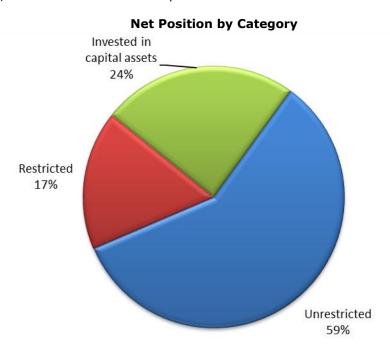
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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As Management of Navarro County, Texas, (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page 1 and the County's basic financial statements that begin on page 12.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The total government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2024 by \$47,055,033 and is reported as total net position. Of this amount, \$25,221,701 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$8,070,347 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position) and \$13,762,985 is net investment in capital assets.



- In contrast to the government-wide financial statements, the fund statements report a combined fund balance at year-end of \$33,091,830 of which \$21,444,127 or 65% represents unassigned fund balances.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$21,630,966 or 72% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The County's long-term liabilities decreased by \$4,299,156, primarily caused by a sharp decrease in the Net Pension liability.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They present the financial picture of the County from an economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the County as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt).

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and liabilities, and with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future years.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions
reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike
the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources
available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's
near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains 26 governmental funds: 23 Special Revenue Funds, 1 Debt Service Fund, 1 Capital Projects Fund and the General Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, HIDTA Fund, and American Rescue Plan Fund. These funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 23 nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, road and bridge funds, and certain other special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 17 of this report.

• **Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Navarro County's own programs. The full accrual method of accounting is used for fiduciary funds. A description of all fiduciary funds held by the County can be found preceding page 67 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements on pages 20 – 42 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budgetary schedules for the General Fund. The County adopts an annual budget for this fund. A budgetary comparison schedule, which includes the original and final budget and actual figures, has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 43 - 51 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 52 - 71 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$47,055,033 as of September 30, 2024, an increase of \$10,211,457 as compared with the previous fiscal year. This increase was primarily caused by increases in property and sales tax, and a decrease in Health and Welfare expenses.

Part of the County's net position for the current fiscal year (54%) is made up of unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The largest portion of the County's net position is investments in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

NAVARRO COUNTY'S NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		
	2024	2023	
Current and other assets	\$ 39,465,874	\$ 39,236,796	
Capital assets	21,094,557	17,541,329	
Total assets	60,560,431	56,778,125	
Deferred outflows of resources	3,871,897	5,660,279	
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,871,897	5,660,279	
Current and other liabilities	4,576,593	8,103,303	
Long-term liabilities	11,742,408	16,041,564	
Total liabilities	16,319,001	24,144,867	
Deferred inflows of resources	1,058,294	1,449,961	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,058,294	1,449,961	
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	13,762,985	8,878,012	
Restricted	8,070,347	6,413,072	
Unrestricted	25,221,701	21,552,492	
Total net position	\$ 47,055,033	\$ 36,843,576	

Assets as of September 30, 2024, reflect a increase of \$3,782,306, (7%) over assets at the end of fiscal year 2023. Of Navarro County's total assets, the largest components are 1) capital assets of \$21,094,557, (35%), 2) cash and investments of \$35,517,518, (59%), 3) property taxes receivable of \$1,322,320, (2%), and 4) due from other governments of \$1,273,519 (2%). Capital assets are non-liquid assets and cannot be utilized to satisfy County obligations.

Total liabilities decreased by \$7,825,866, (32%) in comparison with fiscal year 2023 due to a sharp decrease in the Net Pension Liability. Navarro County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$47,055,033 at the close of the fiscal year. Of this amount, \$8,070,347, (17%) represents restricted net position which represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Restrictions include statutory requirements, bond covenants and grant conditions. Another portion of the County's net position, \$13,762,985, (29%) reflects its *net investment in capital assets* (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure). The other significant portion of the County's net position for the current fiscal year in the amount of \$25,221,701, (54%) represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

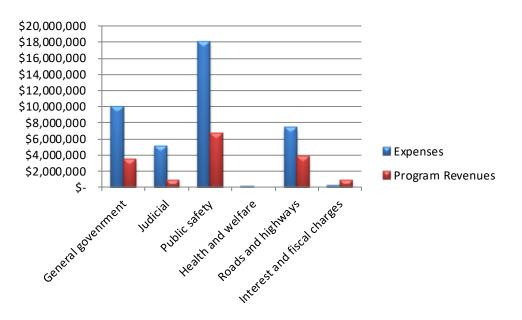
At the end of the current fiscal year, the County reported positive net position in all three categories of net position for its governmental activities.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$10,211,457 during the current fiscal year. A key element of this increase includes property tax and sales tax revenue.

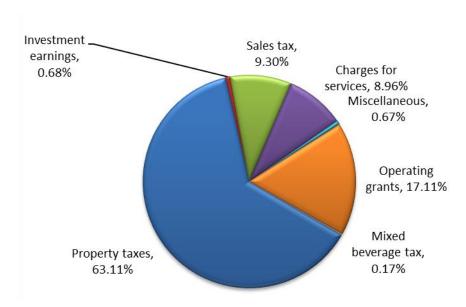
NAVARRO COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			
	2024			2023
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	4,333,171	\$	4,044,344
Operating grants and contributions		10,580,426	•	7,722,794
General revenues:				
Property taxes		31,054,372		28,493,052
Sales tax		4,161,124		4,200,032
Taxes from the sale of alcohol		90,393		76,375
Interest on investments		931,922		305,163
Miscellaneous		105,536		304,579
Gain from sale of capital assets	_	46,576	_	29,032
Total revenues	_	51,303,520	_	45,175,371
Expenses:				
General government		10,075,438		11,053,149
Judicial		5,130,685		4,664,915
Public safety		18,108,278		17,694,509
Health and welfare		74,860		500,027
Roads and highways		7,417,803		6,610,566
Interest and other charges on				
long-term debt		284,999		284,001
Total expenses		41,092,063	_	40,807,167
Change in net position		10,211,457		4,368,204
Net position, beginning		36,843,576	_	32,475,372
Net position, ending	\$	47,055,033	\$	36,843,576

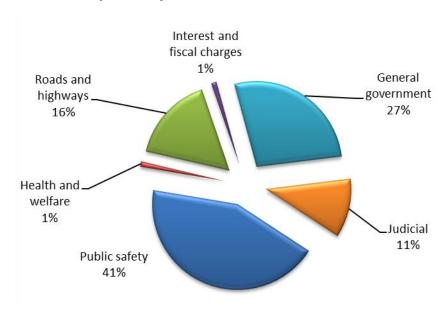
Charges for services increased by \$288,827 (7%). Operating grants and contributions increased by \$2,857,632 (37%), property taxes increased by \$2,561,320 (8%) and sales tax revenue decreased by \$38,908 (1%), resulting in an increase in total revenues of \$6,128,149 (14%). The increase in property taxes is the result of an increase in the taxable value of property in Navarro County.



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Expenses by Function – Governmental Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, Navarro County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus on the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At September 30, 2024, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,091,830 an increase of \$3,781,878 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$21,444,127 (65%) of the combined fund balances constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available to meet the County's current and future needs. The remainder of fund balance is restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has been committed to pay flood control (\$2,251,962), road and bridge (\$3,008,927), public safety (\$854,431), health and welfare (\$246,441), records management and preservation (\$901,268), election administration (\$364,120), court security and technology (\$205,276) debt service (\$2,622), capital projects (\$6,503), and the next fiscal year's budgeted overage (\$3,806,153).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Navarro County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$21,630,966, while total fund balance reached \$25,437,119. The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased \$2,099,787 during the current fiscal year. The primary causes for this increase were due to increased property tax revenues.

The HIDTA (Texoma High Intensity Drug Trafficking) Fund, has no fund balance because it is funded entirely by intergovernmental revenue on a reimbursement basis. Revenues and expenditures have steadily increased as salaries and demand for services have increased.

The American Rescue Plan Fund is used to account for the American Rescue Plan Act 2021 stimulus funding received from the U.S. Government related to the COVID-19 pandemic. The County will continue to spend this funding within the next two fiscal years.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The differences between the original expenditure budget and the final amended budget of the General Fund are attributable to the ongoing increase of inmates in the county jail and anticipated need to house inmates in Out of County facilities due to our maximum capacity.

During the year, budgetary estimates were exceeded by actual revenues by \$2,543,669. Actual expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$4,708,054. The net effect of under–realization of revenue and over-utilization of appropriations resulted in a positive variance of \$7,251,723.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Navarro County's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of September 30, 2024, amounts to \$21,094,557 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure and right to use equipment.

NAVARRO COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS

	Governmental Activities					
		2024		2023		
Land	\$	1,280,835	\$	1,280,835		
Buildings and improvements		9,542,476		9,660,356		
Machinery and equipment		6,891,416		5,639,800		
Infrastructure		2,740,137		17,443		
Right to use equipment		125,932		144,999		
Right to use software		513,761		797,896		
Total capital assets	\$	21,094,557	\$	17,541,329		

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included:

- Purchase of a 2023 Farber vehicle for \$634,596.
- Acquisition of 2 2023 Asphalt Zippers for \$436,862.
- Purchase of an HVAC and an Elevator for the Jail for a total of \$302,271.

Additional information regarding the County's capital assets can be found in Note II, C of this report.

Long-term Debt. At September 30, 2024, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$7,750,753. The County's bonded debt carries a rating of "A1" from Moody's Investor Services.

NAVARRO COUNTY'S OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR-END

		Governmental Activities				
		2024		2023		
General obligation bonds	\$	4,630,000	\$	5,005,000		
Tax notes Leases		339,000 136,187		501,000 161,329		
SBITA's		412,448		683,979		
Financed purchases Compensated absences		1,813,937 419,181		2,312,009 290,084		
	-		-			
Total long-term debt	\$	7,750,753	\$	8,953,401		

The net amount of long-term debt decreased by \$1,202,648. This decrease is a result of the sharp decrease of General Obligation Bonds and Financed Purchases. Additional information on Navarro County's long-term debt can be found in Note II, E of this report.

County officials and investors will find the ratio of net general bonded debt outstanding and the amount of bonded debt per capita as useful indicators of the County's debt position. These indicators are shown in the statistical section (unaudited) of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Commissioner's Court has adopted the County's budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025. The budget was adopted on estimated balances that would be available at the end of fiscal year 2024 and estimated revenues to be received in fiscal year 2025. The total available resources for all funds for fiscal year 2025 are \$42,418,900. For the County's General Fund, the 2025 budget utilizes \$33,127,900 of available funds.

The 2024 property tax rate was \$0.4399/\$100 valuation, the rate is slightly higher than the previous year. As a result of an increase in taxable value, the County expects tax revenue collected during fiscal year 2025 to increase 9.32% from projected collections for fiscal year 2024. Additionally, the County budget anticipates all other sources of revenue will remain at approximately the same levels as fiscal year 2024.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Auditor's office, 300 W. Third Ave., Suite 4, Corsicana, Texas 75110.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		ernmental ctivities
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	35,517,518
Accounts receivable, net		1,352,517
Property taxes receivable, net		1,322,320
Due from other governments		1,273,519
Capital assets, net:		1 200 025
Nondepreciable		1,280,835
Depreciable	-	19,813,722
Total assets		60,560,431
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to pensions		3,392,233
Related to OPEB - group term life		122,553
Related to OPEB - retiree health		357,111
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	3,871,897
	-	3,071,037
LIABILITIES		1 056 104
Accounts payable		1,956,184
Due to other governments		100,469
Unearned revenue		2,484,170
Accrued interest		35,770
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year:		4 770 054
Long-term debt		1,778,051
Total OPEB liability		96,215
Due in more than one year:		F 072 702
Long-term debt		5,972,702
Net pension liability		1,429,976 2,465,464
Total OPEB liability Total liabilities		16,319,001
		10,515,001
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to pensions		240,569
Related to OPEB - group term life		192,053
Related to OPEB - retiree health		625,672
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,058,294
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		13,762,985
Restricted for:		13,702,303
Flood protection projects		2,267,948
Repairs and construction of roads and bridges		3,203,883
Law enforcement		854,431
Health and welfare		246,441
Records management and preservation		901,268
Election administration		364,120
Court security and technology		205,276
Debt service		20,477
Capital projects		6,503
Unrestricted		25,221,701
Total net position	\$	47,055,033
rotal field position	<u>T</u>	,000,000

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Fines, Fees, and Charges	Revenue Operating Grants and	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Activities
Primary government Governmental activities: General government Judicial Public safety Health and welfare Roads and highways Interest and other charges on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$ 10,075,438 5,130,685 18,108,278 74,860 7,417,803	\$ 1,811,344 634,786 808,369 - 1,078,672 - 4,333,171	\$ 1,703,920 225,844 5,825,121 - 2,825,541 - 10,580,426	\$ (6,560,174) (4,270,055) (11,474,788) (74,860) (3,513,590) (284,999) (26,178,466)
Total primary government	\$ 41,092,063	\$ 4,333,171	\$ 10,580,426	(26,178,466)
	General revenue Taxes: Property Sales Mixed bevera Interest on inv Miscellaneous Gain on sale of Total gener Change in	restments f capital assets al revenues net position		31,054,372 4,161,124 90,393 931,922 105,536 46,576 36,389,923 10,211,457 36,843,576
	Net position, en	ding		\$ 47,055,033

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

				Other	
	General	HIDTA	American Rescue Plan	Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS	General	HIDIA	Rescue Flair	Fullus	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 24,139,133	\$ 7,256	\$3,145,270	\$ 8,225,859	\$35,517,518
Accounts receivable, net	1,039,734	φ ,, <u>2</u> 50	-	312,783	1,352,517
Property taxes receivable, net	1,055,769	_	_	266,551	1,322,320
Due from other governments	726,189	504,537	-	42,793	1,273,519
Due from other funds	1,094,322	-	_	502,844	1,597,166
Total assets	28,055,147	511,793	3,145,270	9,350,830	41,063,040
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	543,411	244,548	784,383	383,842	1,956,184
Due to other governments	100,469	-	-	-	100,469
Due to other funds	-	267,245	-	1,329,921	1,597,166
Unearned revenue	369,724		2,114,446		2,484,170
Total liabilities	1,013,604	511,793	2,898,829	1,713,763	6,137,989
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue	1,604,424	_	_	228,797	1,833,221
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,604,424			228,797	1,833,221
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted for:					
Flood protection projects	-	-	-	2,251,962	2,251,962
Repairs and construction					
of roads and bridges	-	-	-	3,008,927	3,008,927
Law enforcement	-	-	_	854,431	854,431
Health and welfare	-	-	246,441	=	246,441
Records management and preservation	-	-	-	901,268	901,268
Election administration	-	-	_	364,120	364,120
Court security and technology	_	-	_	205,276	205,276
Debt service	_	_	_	2,622	2,622
Capital projects	-	_	_	6,503	6,503
Assigned for subsequent year's budget	3,806,153	_	_	, -	3,806,153
Unassigned	21,630,966	_	_	(186,839)	21,444,127
Total fund balances	25,437,119		246,441	7,408,270	33,091,830
Total falla balances				.,.00,2,0	25,551,555
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 28,055,147	\$ 511,793	\$3,145,270	\$ 9,350,830	\$41,063,040

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet		\$33,091,830
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		21,094,557
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized in the statement of net		
position. Accrued interest Bonds payable Tax notes payable Leases payable SBITA Financed purchases Compensated absences Deferred outflow related to pensions Deferred outflow related to OPEB Deferred inflow related to pensions Deferred inflow related to OPEB Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Total long-term liabilities	\$ (35,770) (4,630,000) (339,000) (136,187) (412,448) (1,813,937) (419,181) 3,392,233 479,664 (240,569) (817,725) (1,429,976) (2,561,679)	(8,964,575)
Long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are not reported in the funds. Fines and court costs Property taxes	681,227 1,151,994	(0,304,373)
Total long-term assets	<u> </u>	1,833,221
Net position of governmental activities		\$47,055,033

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

				Other	
	General	HIDTA	American Rescue Plan	Governmental Funds	Total Governmental
•	General	ПППП	Rescue Hall	T ullus	Governmental
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 24,549,969	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,533,322	\$ 31,083,291
Sales and other taxes	4,251,517	4 101 602	- 4 006 255	- 	4,251,517
Intergovernmental License and permits	1,376,465	4,191,683	4,886,255	59,034 1,078,672	10,513,437 1,078,672
Fees of office	2,203,050	_	_	449,375	2,652,425
Fines and forfeitures	248,526	_	_	425,593	674,119
Interest on investments	665,214	55	199,918	66,735	931,922
Other	104,928	-	-	1,324	106,252
Total revenues	33,399,669	4,191,738	5,086,173	8,614,055	51,291,635
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	8,731,794	-	1,315,219	65,684	10,112,697
Judicial	5,308,490	-	-	70,089	5,378,579
Public safety	14,603,323	4,191,738	-	-	18,795,061
Health and welfare	77,552	-	-	-	77,552
Roads and highways	=	-	=	6,567,804	6,567,804
Debt service:					
Principal	510,637	-	=	1,013,572	1,524,209
Interest and other	23,492	-	- 2 F71 026	270,108	293,600
Capital outlay	638,371	-	3,571,036	644,880	4,854,287
Intergovernmental: Tax increment reinvestment	<u>157,508</u>	_	_	_	157,508
		4,191,738	4,886,255	8,632,137	
Total expenditures	30,051,167	4,191,738	4,880,233	8,032,137	47,761,297
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,348,502	_	199,918	(18,082)	3,530,338
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of lease	51,964	-	-	-	51,964
Transfers in	-	-	-	1,333,605	1,333,605
Transfers out	(1,333,605)	-	-	-	(1,333,605)
Issuance of financed purchase	-	_	_	140,500	140,500
Sale of capital assets	32,926	-	-	26,150	59,076
Total other financing sources and uses			-	1,500,255	251,540
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,099,787	-	199,918	1,482,173	3,781,878
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	23,337,332		46,523	5,926,097	29,309,952
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 25,437,119	\$ -	\$ 246,441	\$ 7,408,270	\$33,091,830

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 3,781,878
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital outlay Retirement of capital assets Depreciation expense	\$5,685,695 244,000 <u>(2,376,467)</u>	
Net adjustment		3,553,228
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Repayments:		
Bonds payable Tax notes payable SBITA Leases payable	375,000 162,000 271,531 77,106	
Financed purchases	638,572	
Net adjustment		1,524,209
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Accounts receivable: Fines and court costs	(5,772)	
Property taxes	(28,919)	
Net adjustment		(34,691)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		(192,464)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized for transactions that are normally paid with expendable, available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues.		
Interest on long-term debt Pension income OPEB expense	8,601 1,732,985 (33,192)	
Compensated absences	(129,097)	
Net adjustment		1,579,297
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$10,211,457

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Total assets	\$ 9,089,341 9,089,341
LIABILITIES Due to other governments Total liabilities	2,592,734 2,592,734
NET POSITION Restricted for: Individuals and organizations Total net position	6,496,607 \$ 6,496,607

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS		
Registry deposits	\$	1,026,453
Receipts from inmates		209,309
State funds received		3,117,410
Seizures collections		67,836
Restitution collections		1,298,280
Hot check collections		10,252
Tax collections		106,334,521
Vehicle registration collections		15,518,578
Cash bond receipts		379,307
Investment earnings		133,727
Total additions		128,095,673
DEDUCTIONS		
Registry withdrawals		171,854
Registry fees to clerk		32,715
Inmate disbursement		364,652
Disbursements to others		666,353
State disbursements		1,299,650
Seizure disbursements		3,574,331
Restitution paid		1,338,789
Hot check disbursements		43,311
Tax disbursements		106,334,521
Vehicle registration disbursements		15,518,578
Total deductions	_	129,344,754
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN		
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		(1,249,081)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		7,745,688
NET POSITION, ENDING	<u>\$</u>	6,496,607

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

Navarro County is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four commissioners and the County Judge, is the governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.) public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

A financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable, or the relationship to the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the County. Each discretely presented component unit on the other hand, is reported in a separate column under component unit on the government-wide statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government.

No component units are reported in this financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statement. The General Fund, and the HIDTA Grant Fund, and American Rescue Plan Act Fund meet criteria as major governmental funds. Each major fund is reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds include other Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide fund statements, as well as the fiduciary fund financial statements, are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Major revenue types that have been accrued are district clerk and county clerk fees, justice of the peace fees, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>HIDTA Grant Fund</u> accounts for all activities related to the Texoma High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) through a grant from the Federal Office of National Drug Control Policy. The purpose of this grant is to provide resources to help federal, state and local law enforcement organizations invest in infrastructure and joint initiatives to confront drugtrafficking organizations in North Texas.

The <u>American Rescue Plan Fund</u> is used to account for the American Rescue Plan Act 2021 stimulus funding received from the U.S. Government related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Additionally, the County reports the following fiduciary fund type:

<u>Custodial Funds</u> account for monies held in various agencies and entities, but not held in a trust.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> Balance

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the County to invest in bank certificates of deposit, obligations of the United States or its agencies, obligations of the State of Texas, obligations of other political subdivisions having at least an "A" credit rating, commercial paper, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools.

Investments for the County are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools. The County's investments in Pools are reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to" or "due from" other funds. Interfund activity reflected in "due to" or "due from" other funds is eliminated in the government-wide statements.

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at the prior January 1 and become due on October 1 of the year in which assessed. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty or interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected in the government-wide statements based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for the prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Accounts receivables from other governments include amounts due from grantor agencies for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads and bridges), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Infrastructure assets include County-owned roads and bridges.

In the case of the initial capitalization of infrastructure assets, the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the County constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and recorded at historical cost. The reported cost excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30
Infrastructure	25
Furniture and fixtures	10
Trucks	10
General equipment	5
Computer hardware	5
Cars	5
Right to use equipment	2 - 5
Right to use software	2 - 5

4. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the County does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the County.

The County has recognized a liability for accumulated vacation leave where the employees' rights to receive benefits are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees through either paid time off or cash payments at termination.

Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for this amount is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

5. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

6. Leases

The County has entered into various lease agreements as lessee. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate, if available. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease asset.

Lessee. The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The County recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

7. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The County is a participant in subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs). The County recognizes liability and an intangible right-to-use asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a SBITA, the County initially measures the liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the agreement term. Subsequently, the liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected payments to present value, (2) agreement term, and (3) agreed upon payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When
 the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its
 estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.
- The agreement term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA.
- The agreed upon payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed
 of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to
 exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure the asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the liability. These right to use assets are reported with other capital assets and liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Pension and OPEB contributions after measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- Difference in expected and actual OPEB experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in OPEB actuarial assumptions This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Difference in projected and actual earings on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five year period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These
 amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the
 amounts become available.
- Changes in OPEB actuarial assumptions This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Difference in expected and actual pension and OPEB experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.

9. Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are
 either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be
 maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are
 not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by resolution of Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent
 to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This
 classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a
 specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is determined by
 Commissioners' Court.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.
 The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other
 governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance
 amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

10. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and liabilities. Net position investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Other post-employment benefits

Retiree Health Insurance. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, OPEB related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Contributions are not required but are measured as payments by the County for benefits due and payable that are not reimbursed by plan assets. Information regarding the County's total OPEB liability is obtained from a report prepared by a consulting actuary.

TCDRS Group Term Life Fund. The County participates in the Texas County & District Group Term Life Fund (TCDRS GTLF), which is an optional single-employer defined benefit life insurance plan that is administered by TCDRS. It provides death benefits to active and, if elected, retired employees of participating employers. Contribution rates are determined annually for each participating entity as a percentage of that County's covered payroll. The death benefit for retirees is considered an other postemployment benefit (OPEB). The OPEB program is an unfunded trust because the GTLF trust covers both actives and retirees and is not segregated. The Total OPEB Liability of the plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the Total OPEB Liability, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and OPEB expense. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

13. Unearned Revenue

The County reports unearned revenues for cash received under grant awards for which eligible expenditures have not yet been incurred. The amounts will be recognized as revenue in future years as program expenditures are incurred.

14. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

The following table shows the amounts of cash and investments held by the County as of September 30, 2024.

	 overnmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
Investments:				, , , , ,
TexPool Prime	\$ 8,487,667	\$ 2,243,944	\$ 10,731,611	26
TexasClass	7,307,349	-	7,307,349	73
Non-negotiable CDs	2,481,322	-	2,481,322	331
Cash deposits	 17,241,180	 6,845,397	 24,086,577	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity				37
Total cash and investments	\$ 35,517,518	\$ 9,089,341	\$ 44,606,859	

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The County's investment pools represent investments in TexPool Prime and TexasClass, investment pools for state and local governments in Texas. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibilities over TexPool and TexasClass. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an Advisory Board composed of both participants in TexPool TexasClass, and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool and TexasClass. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure.

TexPool and TexasClass are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The investment pool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pools' authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium or national state of emergency that affects the pool's liquidity.

Interest Rate Risk – In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 270 days.

Custodial Credit Risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U. S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2024, the County's deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the County's name or by FDIC insurance.

Credit Risk – It is the County's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment pool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review and judicial review. Property taxes are levied by October 1 of the year in which assessed, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty or interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year. Taxes become delinquent February 1 of each year and are subject to simple interest and penalty of 7% in February, 9% in March, 11% in April, 13% in May, 15% in June, 18% in July and interest continues to accrue at 1% per month.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. The exception is homestead property belonging to persons 65 years of age or older who file for deferral or abatement. The County does make considerable effort to collect delinquent taxes before foreclosure proceedings. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title of the property.

Any liens and subsequent suits against the taxpayer for payment of delinquent personal property taxes are barred unless instituted within four years from the time such taxes became delinquent. Unlike real property, the sale or transfer of most personal property does not require any evidence that taxes thereon are paid.

Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the Tax Assessor and Collector's Custodial Fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed to the General, Road and Bridge, Flood Control and Debt Service Funds of the County. This distribution is based on the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The County participates in Tax Increment Finance (TIF) Districts. When a TIF District is created, with the approval of all participating governmental entities, the property included in the District has its assessed valuation frozen at that time for the duration of the District. As projects are developed, increasing the assessed valuation of the property, the incremental increases are returned to the entity which initially financed the improvements, i.e., County contribution, County bond funds or developer advances.

The following is a summary by fund of delinquent taxes receivable at September 30, 2024.

Property	/ taxes	receiva	bie:

General fund	\$ 1,703,035
Road and bridge funds	366,159
Debt service fund	33,848
Flood control fund	29,960
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	 (810,682)
	\$ 1,322,320

Article VIII, Section 9 of the Texas Constitution imposes a limit of \$0.80 per \$100 assessed valuation for general governmental services, including the payment of premium and interest on general obligation long-term debt in the Jury, General, Permanent Improvement and Road and Bridge Funds. In addition, a Special Road Tax of \$0.15 per \$100 valuation has been authorized by Article 6790, VACS, and a Farm-to-Market and Lateral Road Tax of \$0.30 per \$100 valuation has been authorized by Article 7048a, VACS; however, of a total tax rate of \$1.25 authorized for the County, only \$0.6045 was levied for the 2023 tax roll.

Receivables at year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	HIDTA	Nonmajor	Total
Fees of office Court fines Intergovernmental	\$ 344,622 34,755,620 726,189	\$ - - 504,537	\$ 312,783 - 42,793	\$ 657,405 34,755,620 1,273,519
	35,826,431	504,537	355,576	36,686,544
Less: allowance for				
uncollectibles	(34,060,508)			(34,060,508)
Total	\$ 1,765,923	<u>\$ 504,537</u>	<u>\$ 355,576</u>	\$ 2,626,036

Governmental funds report *deferred inflows of resources* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred inflows of resources* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

General fund		
Delinquent property taxes	\$	923,197
Court fines		681,227
Total general fund		1,604,424
Nonmajor governmental funds Delinquent property taxes Total nonmajor governmental funds	_	228,797 228,797
Total governmental funds	\$	1,833,221

C. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2024, are as follows:

		Beginning						Ending
		Balance		Additions	Dispo	sals/Transfer s		Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not								
being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,280,835	\$		\$		\$	1,280,835
Total assets not								
being depreciated		1,280,835		-				1,280,835
Capital assets, being depreciated	:							
Buildings and improvements		24,388,377		568,333		-		24,956,710
Machinery and equipment		16,041,915		2,169,113		(534,380)		17,676,648
Infrastructure		25,127,413		2,896,555		-		28,023,968
Right to use equipment		255,783		51,694		(35,556)		271,921
Right to use software		1,101,315		-		5,348		1,106,663
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		66,914,803		5,685,695		(564,588)		72,035,910
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		(14,728,021)		(686,213)		-		(15,414,234)
Machinery and equipment		(10,402,115)		(1,149,518)		766,401		(10,785,232)
Infrastructure		(25,109,970)		(173,861)		-		(25,283,831)
Right to use equipment		(110,784)		(72,033)		36,828		(145,989)
Right to use software		(303,419)	_	(294,842)		5,359	_	(592,902)
Total accumulated depreciation		(50,654,309)	_	(2,376,467)		808,588	_	(52,222,188)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net		16,260,494		3,309,228		244,000		19,813,722
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$	17,541,329	\$	3,309,228	\$	244,000	\$	21,094,557

Depreciation expense for fiscal year 2024 was charged to functions and programs of the County as follows:

General government	\$ 528,440
Public safety	818,278
Roads and highways	 1,029,749
	\$ 2,376,467

D. Interfund Balances

Due to/from Other Funds

In the fund financial statements, interfund balances are the result of normal transactions between funds that will be liquidated in the subsequent fiscal year. The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General	HIDTA	\$ 267,245
General	Nonmajor governmental	827,077
Nonmajor governmental	Nonmajor governmental	 502,844
		\$ 1,597,166

Expenditures incurred for the HIDTA grant program are paid by the General Fund and reimbursed by the granting agency. As a result, appropriate interfund balance entries are recorded to reflect these activities. The interfund balance between the General Fund and Nonmajor governmental funds resulted from the time lag between the dates that payments between funds were made.

Transfers in/out

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The transfer from governmental activities to business-type activities was a result of capital assets transferred. A summary of the County's interfund activity is as follows:

Transfer from	Transfer to	Amount		
General	Nonmajor governmental	<u>\$</u>	1,333,605	
		\$	1,333,605	

E. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County. The bonds are classified as a private placement, and the tax notes are classified as direct borrowings; neither instrument contains substantive acceleration clauses. Should the County default on these bonds, any registered owner of the bonds or notes is entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of proper jurisdiction requiring the County to make payment.

The bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Interest Rates	 Amount
Courthouse restoration	3.7%	\$ 4,630,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the refunding bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities							
September 30,		Principal Interest		Principal Interest		Principal		Total
2025	\$	390,000	\$	164,095	\$ 554,095			
2026		405,000		149,388	554,388			
2027		420,000		134,125	554,125			
2028		435,000		118,308	553,308			
2029		450,000		101,935	551,935			
2030-2034	_	2,530,000		236,055	 2,766,055			
Total	\$	4,630,000	\$	903,906	\$ 5,533,906			

Tax Notes

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the notes are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities						
September 30,	Principal Interest		Principal		nterest		Total
2025 2026	\$	167,000 172,000	\$	7,588 2,554	\$	174,588 174,554	
Total	\$	339,000	\$	10,142	\$	349,142	

Leases Payable

The County entered into five leases as lessee for the right to use copiers. The County is required to make fixed monthly payments between \$68 and \$11,988, and the leases bear interest ranging from 0.193% to 3.150%. Principal and interest requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities					
September 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Totals	
2025	\$	69,510	\$	342	\$	69,852	
2026		40,635		112		40,747	
2027		20,152		29		20,181	
2028		5,890		4		5,894	
	\$	136,187	\$	487	\$	136,674	

SBITA Payable

The County entered into multiple contracts for the right to use various software. The County is required to make annual payments between \$13,000 and \$210,000 and the contracts bear interest ranging from 0.32% to 4.00%. Principal and interest requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmen		
September 30,	Principal	Principal Interest	
2025	\$ 243,491	\$ 10,889	\$ 254,380
2026	79,720	4,160	83,880
2027	82,257	1,623	83,880
2028	6,980	18	6,998
	\$ 412,448	\$ 16,690	\$ 429,138

Financed Purchases

The County has entered into two agreements for the financed purchase of motor graders. Annual payments range from \$57,870 to \$90,748, with interest rates ranging from 4.97% to 5.76% These agreements are classified as financed purchases because title passes to the County at the end of the agreement term, and are included as financed purchases in the Long-Term Debt portion of the government-wide statements. Principal and interest requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities				
September 30,	Principal		Interest		 Totals
2025	\$	824,214	\$	77,710	\$ 901,924
2026		520,140		45,117	565,257
2027		306,383		22,325	328,708
2028		163,200		8,680	 171,880
	\$	1,813,937	\$	153,832	\$ 1,967,769

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance 9/30/2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance 9/30/2024	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities G.O. Bonds Limited tax notes Leases SBITA's Financed purchases	\$ 5,005,000 501,000 161,329 683,979 2,312,009	\$ - 51,964 - 140,500	\$ 375,000 162,000 77,106 271,531 638,572	\$ 4,630,000 339,000 136,187 412,448 1,813,937	\$ 390,000 167,000 69,510 243,491 824,214
Compensated absences Total long-term debt	290,084 8,953,401	<u>711,128</u> 903,592	582,031 2,106,240	419,181 7,750,753	83,836 1,778,051
Net pension liability OPEB liability - RHP OPEB liability - GTL	4,786,513 1,509,129 792,521	9,615,744 244,399 120,378	12,972,281 76,265 28,483	1,429,976 1,677,263 884,416	76,265 19,950
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 16,041,564	\$ 10,884,113	\$ 15,183,269	\$ 11,742,408	<u>\$ 1,874,266</u>

The compensated absences and total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities was liquidated primarily by the General Fund and Road and Bridge Funds in prior years.

III. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The County maintains third party insurance coverage for general liability, property, automobile liability, public officials' liability, employee health and workers' compensation. There was no significant change in coverage from the prior year. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for fiscal years 2024 or 2023.

B. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. A contingent liability was not established because potential reimbursements are considered immaterial.

The County is involved in lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Although the outcome of such lawsuits and other claims is not presently determinable, the resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

C. Employee Retirement System

Plan Description

The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in temporary positions are not eligible for membership.

Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2023, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	221
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	203
Active employees	327
	751

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rate for the County was 12.05% in both fiscal years 2023 and 2024, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2024, were \$2,185,393 and were \$132,386 higher than the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 3.00% per year

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members 135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality

Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of

the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Service retirees, beneficiaries and

non-depositing members

135% of Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-

Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of

the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Disabled retirees 160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted

Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

All actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 - December 31, 2021, except where required to be different by GASB 68. The economic assumptions were reviewed at the March 2022 TCDRS Board of Trustees meeting and revised assumptions were adopted. These revisions included reductions in the investment return, wage growth, and maximum payroll growth assumptions. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a long-term time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in March 2022.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) ⁽²⁾
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.75%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.75%
International Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.75%
International Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.35%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	3.65%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	7.25%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	6.90%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.20%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁴⁾	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽⁵⁾	25.00%	7.75%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	3.25%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.60%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2022 TCDRS Board meeting.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.3% per Cliffwater's 2023 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$	91,462,748	\$	86,676,235	\$	4,786,513	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		2,285,593		-		2,285,593	
Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾		6,964,200		-		6,964,200	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		306,521		-		306,521	
Refund of contributions		(119,164)		(119,164)		-	
Benefit payments		(4,187,972)		(4,187,972)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(49,753)		49,753	
Member contributions		-		1,269,527		(1,269,527)	
Net investment income		-		9,517,361		(9,517,361)	
Employer contributions		-		2,185,393		(2,185,393)	
Other ⁽²⁾		-		(9,677)	_	9,677	
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$	96,711,926	\$	95,281,950	\$	1,429,976	

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the County's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.6%) or 1-percentage-higher (8.6%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.60%	Discount Rate 7.60%	1% Increase 8.60%
Total pension liability	\$ 109,233,192	\$ 96,711,926	\$ 86,196,846
Fiduciary net position	95,281,949	95,281,950	95,281,949
Net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$ 13,951,243</u>	<u>\$ 1,429,976</u>	<u>\$ (9,085,103</u>)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized pension income of \$1,581,182. At year-end, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 331,066	\$ 208,847
Changes in actuarial assumptions	950,463	31,722
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	338,397	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,772,307	
Total	\$ 3,392,233	\$ 240,569

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

\$1,772,307 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

For the Year
Ended September 30,

2025	\$ 195,439
2026	(190,567)
2027	1,967,279
2028	(592,794)

D. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, the Commissioners Court established a medical insurance benefit plan for retirees. This plan is administered by the County and it has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing arrangements. The Retiree Medical Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. A retiree is defined as someone who is receiving lifetime monthly Texas County and District retirement pension benefit payments and who retired directly from active employment with Navarro County. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

Retirees are responsible for paying the premiums. Eligible retirees will be provided medical insurance benefits and eligible retirees may also cover their eligible dependents if elected within 60 days. The County will stop insurance coverage on the retiree and dependent on the last day of the month when one of the following occurs:

- 1. the retiree reaches age 65; or
- 2. the retiree fails to submit the required set premium rate.

The County's contributions to the OPEB for the year ended September 30, 2024, were \$69,809, which equal benefit payments for retirees.

The number of employees currently covered by the benefit terms is as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	69
Active Members	283
Total	352

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age

Discount Rate 3.77% as of December 31, 2023

Inflation Rate 2.50%

Salary Increases 0.40% to 5.25%, not including wage inflation of 3.00%

Demographic Assumptions Based on the experience study covering the four year period ending

December 31, 2022 as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). For the OPEB valuation, the standard TCDRS retirement rates were adjusted to better reflect the County's

retiree medical plan design.

Mortality For healthy retirees, the Pub-2010 General Retirees Tables for males

and females are used with male rates multiplied by 135% and female rates multiplied by 120%. Those rates are projected on a fully generational basis based on 100% of the ultimate rates of mortality

improvement scale MP-2021.

Health care cost trend rates Initial rate of 7.00% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.25% after 15

years.

Participation rates 25% of eligible retirees elect medical coverage; 60% of eligible retirees

elect life insurance coverage

Projections of health benefits are based on the plan as understood by the County and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and its employees to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

A Single Discount Rate of 3.77% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on the municipal bond rates as of the measurement date. The source of the municipal bond rate was Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2023.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date.

	-	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$	1,509,129
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		80,950
Interest		61,215
Difference between expected and actual experience		39,313
·		•
Changes of assumptions		62,921
Benefit payments		(76 <u>,265</u>)
Net changes		168,134
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$	1,677,263

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.05% to 3.77%, updated assumptions on health care trend rates and participation in retiree life insurance. Additionally, the demographic and salary increase assumptions were updated to reflect the 2023 TCDRS experience study.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.77%) in measuring the total OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.77%) Disc			ount Rate (3.77%)	1% Increase in count Rate (4.77%)
County's Total OPEB liability	\$	1,932,270	\$	1,677,263	\$ 1,467,610

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than what was used in measuring the total OPEB liability.

		Current Healthcare Cost					
		1% Decrease	Trend Rate Assumption		1% Increase		
County's Total OPEB liability	\$	1,611,786	\$	1,677,263	\$	1,756,464	

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$94,751. At September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 43,929 280,880 32,302	\$ 123,420 502,252 -
Totals	\$ 357,111	\$ 625,672

\$32,302 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date are due to benefit payments the County paid with own assets and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2025. Other amounts of the reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ended September 30,	OPEB Expense Amount		
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	\$	(52,038) (52,038) (52,148) (46,288) (35,942)	
Thereafter		(62,409)	

E. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan - TCDRS Group Term Life Fund

Plan Description. The County voluntarily participates in the Group Term Life program for the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS GTL). The GTL program is a statewide, multiple employers defined other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan and is established and administered in accordance with the TCDRS Act. The plan is treated as an unfunded trust because the GTL trust covers both actives and retirees and is not segregated. Therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided. The GTL provides group-term life insurance to all full- and part-time non-temporary employees, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year and are eligible for the TCDRS pension plan. Benefits are established by the TCDRS Act. The County's Commissioners' Court opted into this program, and may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in the GTL program as of January 1, each year.

Payments from this fund are similar to group-term life insurance benefits and are paid to the designated beneficiaries upon the receipt of an approved application for payment. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's most recent regular annualized salary. The death benefit for retirees is considered another employment benefit and is a fixed amount of \$5,000.

Employees covered by benefit terms. The number of employees currently covered by the benefit terms is as follows:

Inactive employees receiving benefits	172
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	70
Active employees	327
	569

Contributions. The County contributes to the GTLF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation, which was 0.20% for both calendar years 2024 and 2023, respectively, of which 0.13% represented the retiree-only portion for each year, as a percentage of annual covered payroll. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the GTLF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to prefund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. The County's contributions to the GTLF for the year ended September 30, 2024, was \$22,822, representing contributions for both active and retiree coverage, which equaled the required contributions.

Total OPEB Liability. The County's Total OPEB Liability (TOL) was measured as of December 31, 2023 as determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return (discount rate)	3.26%
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Level Percent of Salary

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members	135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members	135% of Pub-2010 General Healthy Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Healthy Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.
Disabled retirees	160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

All actuarial assumptions and methods that determined the Total OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2023 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 - December 31, 2020, except where required to be different by GASB 75.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.26% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source of the municipal bond rate was the 20-year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of the measurement date of December 31, 2023.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the Total OPEB Liability.

	19	% Decrease		Current	1%	Increase in
	Di	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate	Dis	scount Rate
		(2.26%)		(3.26%)		(4.26%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1.054.394	\$	884,416	\$	751,493

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. As of September 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$884,416 for its Total OPEB Liability. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. For the year ended September 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$36,505. There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability during the measurement period.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total	
	OPI	EB Liability
Balance at December 31, 2022 Changes for the year:	\$	792,521
Service cost		25,212
Interest on total OPEB liability (1)		30,052
Effect of economic/demographic		
experience		(8,533)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs ⁽³⁾		65,114
Benefit payments		(19,950)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	884,416

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not change fees or interest.

As of September 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred otflows of esources	Iı	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions	\$	10,119 96,255	\$	14,810 177,243		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		16,179	_			
Totals	\$	122,553	\$	192,053		

\$16,179 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Total OPEB Liability for the year ending September 30, 2025. Other amounts of the reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year	
Ended September 30,	
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ (15,204) (15,204) (32,351) (32,351) 9,431
44	

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Reflects change in discount rate.

F. TAX ABATEMENTS

The County enters into economic development agreements designed to promote development and redevelopment within the County, stimulate commercial activity, generate additional sales tax and enhance the property tax base and economic vitality of the County. This program refunds property taxes as authorized under Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code.

The County has entered into various agreements that reduce property taxes. Agreements for a refund of property taxes call for a dollar-for-dollar tax refund for approved expenditures to encourage the maintenance and revitalization of the historic downtown area. For fiscal year 2024, the County rebated property taxes of \$4,500.

G. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has recently issued several new statements. A listing follows of those that apply to the County. These statements will be implemented in subsequent years, as required by the GASB.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences - The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2024, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures - This Statement requires governments to disclose essential information about risks related to vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. Concentrations and constraints may limit a government's ability to acquire resources or control spending. The requirements of Statement No. 102 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements - The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability and address certain application issues. The requirements for Statement No. 103 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets* – The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be presented separately in the note disclosures, including right-to-use assets related to leases, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, and public-private or public-public partnerships. Other intangible assets are also required to be presented separately by major class. Additional disclosures have also been required for capital assets held for sale. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

H. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The County has deficit fund balances in the Justice Court Technology Fund and the County Record Preservation Fund of \$69,487, and \$117,352, respectively. These deficits will be eliminated with greater revenues over expenditures in the next fiscal year.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Variance with

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 24,185,000	\$ 24,195,000	\$ 24,549,969	\$ 354,969
Sales and other taxes	3,565,000	3,565,000	4,251,517	686,517
Intergovernmental	1,140,600	1,140,600	1,376,465	235,865
Fees of office	1,487,900	1,487,900	2,203,050	715,150
Fines and forfeitures	275,000	275,000	248,526	(26,474)
Interest on investments	85,000	85,000	665,214	580,214
Other	117,500	107,500	104,928	(2,572)
Total revenues	30,856,000	30,856,000	33,399,669	2,543,669
EXPENDITURES				
General government:				
Salaries	3,388,978	3,398,038	3,260,721	137,317
Benefits	1,457,675	1,458,379	1,379,060	79,319
Supplies	326,937	353,052	302,652	50,400
Other services	3,983,482	4,224,500	3,789,361	435,139
Capital outlay	1,623,648	1,251,612	83,611	1,168,001
Debt service:				
Principal	283,862	360,968	360,968	-
Interest and other charges	23,492	23,492	23,492	-
Intergovernmental	169,493	169,493	157,508	11,985
Total general government	11,257,567	11,239,534	9,357,373	1,882,161
Judicial:				
Salaries	3,166,463	3,166,463	2,889,418	277,045
Benefits	876,911	876,911	837,083	39,828
Supplies	63,800	65,800	51,979	13,821
Other services	1,581,630	1,591,431	1,530,010	61,421
Total judicial	5,688,804	5,700,605	5,308,490	392,115
Public safety:				
Salaries	9,311,554	9,311,554	8,638,698	672,856
Benefits	3,912,577	3,912,577	3,527,552	385,025
Supplies	1,124,670	1,087,756	970,185	117,571
Other services	1,765,710	1,854,024	1,459,057	394,967
Capital outlay	947,071	995,671	554,760	440,911
Debt service:				
Principal	149,669	149,669	149,669	-
Interest and other charges	7,831	7,831	7,831	
Total public safety	17,219,082	17,319,082	15,307,752	2,011,330
Health and welfare:				
Salaries	-	25,627	25,627	-
Benefits	-	11,884	11,897	(13)
Other services	500,000	462,489	40,028	422,461
Total health and welfare	500,000	500,000	77,552	422,448
Total expenditures	34,665,453	34,759,221	30,051,167	4,708,054
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,809,453)	(3,903,221)	3,348,502	7,251,723
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of lease	-	51,964	51,964	-
Transfers out	-	-	(1,333,605)	(1,333,605)
Sale of capital assets	5,000	5,000	32,926	27,926
Total other financing sources and uses	5,000	56,964	(1,248,715)	(1,305,679)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(3,804,453)	(3,846,257)	2,099,787	5,946,044
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	23,337,332	23,337,332	23,337,332	, , -
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 19,532,879	\$ 19,491,075	\$ 25,437,119	\$ 5,946,044
I OND DALANCES, LINDING	<u>\$ 19,552,679</u>	Ψ 13,731,073	Ψ 23,737,113	γ 3,340,044

NOTES TO BUDGETARY SCHEDULE

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the HIDTA Grant Fund and Capital Projects Fund, which adopt project-length budgets. The County does not adopt budgets for the Juvenile Case Manager Fund, Courthouse Security Fund, Justice Court Technology Fund, County Clerk Records Management Fund, District Clerk Records Management Fund, County Clerk Archive Fund, Justice Court Building Security Fund, County Records Preservation Fund, Vital Statistics Fund, County & District Clerk Technology Fund, County Record Management & Preservation Fund, District Court Records Technology Fund, HAVA Funding Fund, or American Rescue Plan Act Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Elected officials and department heads submit requests for appropriations to the budget officer, the County Judge, so that a budget may be prepared. The proposed budget is presented to the Commissioners Court for review by the second Monday in July. The Commissioners Court holds public work sessions and public hearings. A final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than September 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department (Sheriff's Office, County Auditor, etc.). The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level.

B. Excess Expenditures over Budgeted Appropriations

During the fiscal year, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds and functions:

Fund & Function	Budget Overage
Road and Bridge Precinct 1: Capital outlay	59,615
Road and Bridge Precinct 1:	
Other Services	32,028
Road and Bridge Precinct 2: Capital outlay	123,520
Road and Bridge Precinct 3: Capital outlay	3,269
District Attorney Forfeiture: Judicial	18,082

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Measurement Date December 31, 2014		2014	2015			2016	2017	
Total Pension Liability								
Service Cost Interest total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic	\$	1,637,150 4,156,387 - -	\$	1,700,388 4,430,218 (295,376) 648,765	\$	1,816,511 4,671,943 - -	\$	1,789,149 5,010,983 - 277,353
(gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds		(62,881)		(720,373)		(429,487)		(27,148)
of contributions		(2,452,066)		(2,660,511)		(2,665,751)		(2,882,136)
Net change in total pension liability		3,278,590		3,103,111		3,393,216		4,168,201
Total pension liability - beginning		51,712,942		54,991,532		58,094,643		61,487,859
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	54,991,532	\$	58,094,643	\$	61,487,859	\$	65,656,060
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of	\$	1,319,809 863,421	\$	1,396,086 915,051	\$	1,401,783 939,896	\$	1,382,250 965,647
investment expenses Benefit payments refunds of		3,381,156		25,949		3,883,461		8,133,121
contributions Administrative expenses Other		(2,452,066) (39,486) 147,464		(2,660,511) (37,897) (28,448)		(2,665,751) (42,200) (223,097)		(2,882,136) (42,115) (7,557)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,220,298		(389,770)		3,294,092		7,549,210
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		49,653,883		52,874,181		52,484,411		55,778,503
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	52,874,181	\$	52,484,411	\$	55,778,503	\$	63,327,713
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	2,117,351	\$	5,610,232	\$	5,709,356	\$	2,328,347
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		96.15%		90.34%		90.71%		96.45%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	12,334,580	\$	13,072,157	\$	13,072,157	\$	13,794,953
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		17.17%		42.92%		43.68%		16.88%

2018	2019	2020		2021		1	2022	2023	
\$ 1,782,327 5,346,224	\$ 1,829,739 5,669,700	\$	1,892,163 6,009,723	\$	2,092,042 6,300,783	\$	2,083,666 6,597,341	\$	2,285,593 6,964,200
-	-		4,752,316		(126,889)		-		-
(104,263)	63,445		(503,966)		(432,217)		202,351		306,521
 (2,928,262)	 (3,234,032)		(3,628,624)		(3,645,848)		(4,211,031)		(4,307,136)
4,096,026	4,328,852		8,521,612		4,187,871		4,672,327		5,249,178
 65,656,060	 69,752,086		74,080,938		82,602,550		86,790,421		91,462,748
\$ 69,752,086	\$ 74,080,938	\$	82,602,550	\$	86,790,421	<u>\$</u>	91,462,748	\$	96,711,926
\$ 1,457,560 982,941	\$ 1,537,635 1,029,013	\$	1,682,330 1,066,692	\$	1,664,252 1,055,231	\$	1,974,990 1,154,930	\$	2,185,393 1,269,527
(1,185,231)	10,116,146		7,330,788		16,884,479		(5,374,677)		9,517,361
 (2,928,262) (49,475) (8,170)	 (3,234,032) (54,088) (12,962)		(3,628,624) (56,602) (18,994)		(3,645,848) (50,453) (4,944)		(4,211,031) (50,794) (74,278)		(4,307,136) (49,753) (9,677)
(1,730,637)	9,381,712		6,375,590		15,902,717		(6,580,860)		8,605,715
 63,327,713	 61,597,076		70,978,788		77,354,378		93,257,095		86,676,235
\$ 61,597,076	\$ 70,978,788	\$	77,354,378	\$	93,257,095	\$	86,676,235	\$	95,281,950
\$ 8,155,010	\$ 3,102,150	\$	5,248,172	\$	(6,466,674)	\$	4,786,513	\$	1,429,976
88.31%	95.81%		93.65%		107.45%		94.77%		98.52%
\$ 14,042,013	\$ 14,700,179	\$	15,238,456	\$	15,074,723	\$	16,498,999	\$	18,136,103
58.08%	21.10%		34.44%		-42.90%		29.01%		7.88%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	D	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Actual Contribution Pensionable Employer Deficiency Covered Contribution (Excess) Payroll				er Deficiency Cover		Actual Contril as a % of Co Payroll	vered
2015	\$	1,380,859	\$	1,380,859	\$	_	\$	12,334,580		11.2%	
2016	·	1,400,891	·	1,400,891	·	-		13,072,157		10.7%	
2017		1,394,133		1,394,133		-		13,428,216		10.4%	
2018		1,439,284		1,439,284		-		13,794,953		10.4%	
2019		1,520,260		1,520,260		-		14,042,013		10.8%	
2020		1,650,840		1,650,840		-		14,700,179		11.2%	
2021		1,633,118		1,633,118		-		15,238,456		10.7%	
2022		1,900,382		1,900,382		-		15,074,723		12.6%	
2023		2,111,778		2,111,778		-		16,499,001		12.8%	
2024		2,053,007		2,185,393		(132,386)		18,136,103		12.0%	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two

years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age (level percentage of pay)

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 11.7 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2023 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation.

Retirement AgeMembers who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence

receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement

for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of the Pub-

2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-

2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the

Schedule of Employer
Contributions

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions 2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected. $% \label{eq:control}%$

2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected. 2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2022: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2023: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

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SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

RETIREE HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Measurement Date December 31,	2017	2018	2019	2020	
A. Total OPEB liability					
Service cost Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability) Changes in benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 46,133 27,487	\$ 53,683 26,576 883,835	\$ 71,944 52,783 -	\$ 91,641 48,013	
on the Total OPEB Liability Changes of assumptions	14,257 43,633	(76,911) (220,469)	9,639 222,224	(39,285) 65,188	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	(38,436)	(69,210)	(42,859)	(43,625)	
Net change in Total OPEB liability	93,074	597,504	313,731	121,932	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	717,604	810,678	1,408,182	1,721,913	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	810,678	1,408,182	1,721,913	1,843,845	
B. Covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,988,373	\$ 14,235,631	\$ 14,996,681	\$ 15,238,456	
C. Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	5.80%	9.89%	11.48%	12.10%	

Notes to Schedule:

- 2022 The demographic and salary increase assumptions were updated to reflect the 2021 TCDRS experience study.
- 2021 The period of service used for the allocation of service costs was changed to only reflect service with Navarro County.
- 2019 The participation rate for the retiree life insurance benefit and the health care trend assumptions were modified. The plan's life insurance benefit was changed to increase the life insurance amount from \$5,000 to \$20,000 and the monthly premiums from \$0.70 to \$2.78.

This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2017 is not available.

	2021		2022	2023			
	120 650	_	120 515		00.050		
\$	120,659 37,696 -	\$	120,515 38,463 -	\$	80,950 61,215 -		
	600 101,000		(94,604) (550,471)		39,313 62,921		
	(38,765)		(69,809)		(76,265)		
	221,190		(555,906)		168,134		
	1,843,845		2,065,035		1,509,129		
	2,065,035		1,509,129		1,677,263		
\$:	15,074,723	\$ 1	23,023,488	\$ 2	25,781,634		
	13.70%		6.55%		6.51%		

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

GROUP TERM LIFE PLAN

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

Measurement Date December 31,		2020		2021		2022	2023	
A. Total OPEB liability								
Service cost Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability) Effect of plan changes Effect of economic/demographic	\$	30,459 23,381 831,948	\$	34,289 20,793 -	\$	39,866 21,274 -	\$	25,212 30,052 -
(gains) or losses Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds		(14,896) 103,663		(6,834) 18,597		15,178 (265,865)		(8,533) 65,114
of employee contributions		(18,286)		(19,597)		(21,449)		(19,950)
Net change in Total OPEB liability		956,269		47,248		(210,996)		91,895
Total OPEB liability - beginning				956,269		1,003,517		792,521
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)		956,269		1,003,517		792,521		884,416
B. Covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,	238,456	\$ 1	5,074,723	\$ 1	16,499,001	\$ 18	8,136,103
C. Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.28%		6.66%		4.80%		4.88%

Notes to Schedule:

- This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the
- Changes of assumptions reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period.
- The effect of plan changes was to establish the group term life plan.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Flood Control	Road nd Bridge recinct 1	Road and Bridge Precinct 2		Road and Bridge Precinct 3	Road and Bridge Precinct 4
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	2,259,748	\$ 391,621	\$ 863,562	\$	1,118,143	\$ 983,747
Accounts receivable		<u>-</u>	124,837	50,935		50,109	54,601
Property taxes receivable, net		18,573	56,747	56,749		56,749	56,749
Due from other governments		-	20,741			22,052	-
Due from other funds			 4,310	 52,011	_	13,621	 254
Total assets		2,278,321	 598,256	 1,023,257	_	1,260,674	 1,095,351
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		10,373	79,518	21,392		171,015	79,308
Due to other funds		´-	333,550	3,638		82,878	2,356
Total liabilities	_	10,373	413,068	25,030	_	253,893	81,664
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue		15,986	48,739	48,739		48,739	48,739
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,986	 48,739	 48,739		48,739	 48,739
							,
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for:							
Flood protection projects Repairs and construction		2,251,962	-	-		-	-
of roads and bridges		_	136,449	949,488		958,042	964,948
Law enforcement		_	-	-		-	-
Records management and preservation		_	_	_		_	_
Election administration		-	-	-		-	-
Court security and technology		-	-	-		-	-
Debt service		-	-	-		-	-
Capital Projects		-	-	-		-	-
Unassigned			 _	 		_	
Total fund balances		2,251,962	 136,449	 949,488		958,042	 964,948
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$	2,278,321	\$ 598,256	\$ 1,023,257	\$	1,260,674	\$ 1,095,351

А	District ttorney orfeiture	Sheriff Seizure	Juvenile Case Manager		Courthouse Security Fund		Courthouse Restoration Fund		Justice Court Technology Fund		County Clerk Records Management	
\$	333,436 - - - - - - 333,436	\$ 462,163 2,556 - - - - 464,719	\$	109,660 - - - - 7,886 117,546	\$	353,210 - - - - 56,032 409,242	\$	27,757 - - - - - - 27,757	\$	- - - - - -	\$	287,278 91 - - 200,924 488,293
	57,542 57,542	 3,728 - 3,728				68 247,045 247,113		-		237 69,250 69,487		3,192 104,883 108,075
	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		-		-		-		-		<u>-</u>
<u> </u>	- 275,894 - - - - - - 275,894	- 460,991 - - - - - 460,991		- 117,546 - - - - - - 117,546		- - - - 162,129 - - - 162,129		- - - - 27,757 - - - 27,757		- - - - - - (69,487) (69,487)		- 380,218 - - - - 380,218
\$	333,436	\$ 464,719	\$	117,546	\$	409,242	\$	27,757	\$		\$	488,293

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	District					Justice				
		Clerk		County		Court		County		
		Records		Clerk		Building		Records		Vital
	Ма	nagement		Archive		Security	Pr	eservation	S	tatistics
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	58,583	\$	338,629	\$	41,851	\$	_	\$	_
Accounts receivable	Ψ	592	Ψ	330,023	Ψ	-1,051	Ψ	3,655	Ψ	10,315
Property taxes receivable, net		-		_		_		-		-
Due from other governments		_		_		_		_		_
Due from other funds		41,705		8,264		_		_		18,800
Total assets		100,880		346,893		41,851		3,655		29,115
Total assets		100/000		3 10/033		11/051		3/033	-	23/113
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		7,777		4,325		50		-		159
Due to other funds		-		129,252		26,411		121,007		2,925
Total liabilities		7,777		133,577		26,461		121,007		3,084
								<u>.</u>		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue				-		-		_		
Total deferred inflows of resources										
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted for:										
Flood protection projects		-		-		-		-		-
Repairs and construction										
of roads and bridges		-		-		-		-		-
Law enforcement				-		-		-		-
Records management and preservation		93,103		213,316		-		-		26,031
Election administration		-		-		-		-		-
Court security and technology		-		-		15,390		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned								(117,352)		
Total fund balances		93,103		213,316		15,390		(117,352)		26,031
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	100,880	\$	346,893	\$	41,851	\$	3,655	\$	29,115

С	ounty and District		nty Record nagement		istrict Court							ı	Total Nonmajor
	Clerk		and		ecords		HAVA		Debt		Capital		vernmental
T	echnology	Pre	eservation		hnology		Funding		Service		Projects		Funds
	<u> </u>				<u> </u>						<u> </u>		
+	2.670	.	46 414	.	27.075	.	264 120	.	37,806	.	110 277	.	0.225.050
\$	2,679 13,405	\$	46,414	\$	27,075	\$	364,120	\$	1,687	\$	118,377	\$	8,225,859
	13,403		-		-		-		20,984		-		312,783 266,551
	-		-		-		-		20,964		-		42,793
	- 33,526		- 7,863		57,648		-		-		-		
							-						502,844
	49,610		54,277		84,723		364,120		60,477		118,377		9,350,830
	_		10		_		_		_		2,690		383,842
	_		-		_		_		40,000		109,184		1,329,921
-			10						40,000		111,874		
			10						40,000		111,074		1,713,763
	-		-		_		-		17,855		-		228,797
	_								17,855				228,797
									<u> </u>				
	-		_		-		-		-		-		2,251,962
	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,008,927
	-		-		-		-		-		-		854,431
	49,610		54,267		84,723		-		-		-		901,268
	-		-		-		364,120		-		-		364,120
	-		-		-		-		-		-		205,276
	-		-		-		-		2,622		-		2,622
	-		-		-		-		-		6,503		6,503
					-								(186,839)
	49,610		54,267		84,723		364,120		2,622		6,503		7,408,270
\$	49,610	\$	54,277	\$	84,723	\$	364,120	\$	60,477	\$	118,377	\$	9,350,830

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Flood Control	Road and Bridge Precinct 1	Road and Bridge Precinct 2	Road and Bridge Precinct 3	Road and Bridge Precinct 4
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Fees of office Fines and forfeitures Interest on investments Other Total revenues	\$ 454,765	\$ 1,385,861	\$ 1,385,861	\$ 1,385,861	\$ 1,385,861
	486	-	-	-	-
	-	269,668	269,668	269,668	269,668
	-	61,383	61,383	61,383	61,383
	-	91,135	91,133	91,133	91,133
	1,508	1,022	12,132	20,215	18,047
	-	-	161	1,163	-
	456,759	1,809,069	1,820,338	1,829,423	1,826,092
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Judicial Roads and highways Debt service:	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
	303,412	1,888,122	1,387,872	1,342,155	1,646,243
Principal Interest and other Capital outlay Total expenditures	303,412	194,064 32,507 126,761 2,241,454	184,670 21,807 236,020 1,830,369	259,838 36,721 206,269 1,844,983	54,005 1,700,248
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	153,347	(432,385)	(10,031)	(15,560)	125,844
Transfers in Issuance of financed purchase Sale of capital assets Total other financing sources (uses)	-	583,605	250,000	250,000	250,000
	-	-	140,500	-	-
	-	13,325	2,125	-	10,700
	-	596,930	392,625	250,000	260,700
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	153,347	164,545	382,594	<u>234,440</u>	<u>386,544</u>
	2,098,615	(28,096)	566,894	723,602	578,404
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 2,251,962	\$ 136,449	\$ 949,488	\$ 958,042	\$ 964,948

,	District Attorney orfeiture	Sheriff Seizure	Juvenile Case Manager		Courthouse Security Fund		Courthouse Restoration Fund		Justice Court Technology Fund		County Clerk Records Management	
\$	- -	\$ - 33,050	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -
	-	· -		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		50		16,027		6,725		2,810		54,817
	25,550 7,573	35,509 1,099		-		- 2,950		-		-		_
	-	-		-		2,930		-		-		_
	33,123	 69,658	-	50	-	18,977		6,725		2,810	-	54,817
	- 57,108 - - - - - - - 57,108	 - - - - - -		- - - - - - -		- 7,627 - - - - 21,825 29,452	_	- - - - - -		- 5,354 - - - - - - 5,354		39,870 - - - - - - 39,870
		 				_				_		
	(23,985)	69,658		50		(10,475)		6,725		(2,544)		14,947
	- - -	 		- - -		-				- - -		- - -
-	<u>-</u>	 	-		-						-	
	(23,985)	 69,658		50		(10,475)		6,725		(2,544)		14,947
	299,879	 391,333		117,496		172,604	_	21,032		(66,943)		365,271
\$	275,894	\$ 460,991	\$	117,546	\$	162,129	\$	27,757	\$	(69,487)	\$	380,218

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	R	District Clerk Lecords nagement		County Clerk Archive	В	Justice Court Building Security	R	County ecords servation	S	Vital tatistics
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-		-
Fees of office		9,943		50,850		829		470		1,676
Fines and forfeitures Interest on investments		-		-		-		-		-
Other		_								
Total revenues		9,943		50,850	_	829		470		1,676
EXPENDITURES										
Current:		0 175						8,680		0.050
General government Judicial		8,175 -		-		-		8,08U -		8,959 -
Roads and highways		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:										
Principal Interest and other		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		8,175		-		-		8,680		8,959
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,768		50,850		829		(8,210)		(7,283)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-
Issuance of financed purchase Sale of capital assets		_		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		_				_		_		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,768	_	50,850		829		(8,210)		(7,283)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		91,335	_	162,466		14,561	(109,142)		33,314
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	93,103	\$	213,316	\$	15,390	\$ (117,352)	\$	26,031

[unty and District Clerk chnology	County Record Management and Preservation		R	District Court Records Technology		HAVA Funding		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	535,113	\$	_	\$	6,533,322	
7	_	7	_	7	_	7	25,498	7	-	7	_	7	59,034	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,078,672	
	-		454		722		58,470		-		-		449,375	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		425,593	
	-		-		-		784		490		915		66,735	
													1,324	
	-		454		722		84,752		535,603		915		8,614,055	
	- - - - - -		- - - - - -		- - - - - -	_	- - - - - - -		- - - 375,000 179,073 - 554,073		- - - - - -	_	65,684 70,089 6,567,804 1,013,572 270,108 644,880 8,632,137	
	-		454		722		84,752		(18,470)		915		(18,082)	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,333,605	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		140,500	
													26,150	
													1,500,255	
			454		722		84,752		(18,470)		915		1,482,173	
	49,610		53,813		84,001		279,368		21,092		5,588		5,926,097	
\$	49,610	\$	54,267	\$	84,723	\$	364,120	\$	2,622	\$	6,503	\$	7,408,270	

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BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Flood Control Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to specific flood control projects. Revenues in this fund are derived from restricted property taxes.

Road and Bridge Funds – These funds, reported by Commissioners' Precinct, are used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to road construction and maintenance. Revenues in these funds are derived from restricted property taxes.

District Attorney Forfeiture Fund – This fund is used to account for money and property forfeited to the District Attorney's office as a result of drug seizures under Chapter 59 of the *Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.*

Sheriff Seizure Fund – This fund is used to account for money and property forfeited to the County Sheriff's office as a result of drug seizures under Chapter 59 of the *Texas Code of Criminal Procedure*.

Juvenile Case Manager Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to juvenile case managers.

Courthouse Security Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to security for the courthouse and other buildings housing courts.

Courthouse Restoration Fund – This fund is to account for local and state grant funding to improve the County's courthouse facilities and appearance.

Justice Court Technology Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to maintenance of technological enhancements for a justice court and continuing education and training for enhancement for a justice court

County Clerk Records Management Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to records management in the County Clerk's Office.

District Clerk Records Management Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to records management in the District Clerks Office.

County Clerk Archive Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to the preservation and restoration of the County Courts records archive.

Justice Court Building Security Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to security devices and services for buildings housing justice of the peace courts.

County Records Preservation Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to filing of civil cases in county and district courts and to be used for the preservation of court records.

Vital Statistics Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to conduct the operations within the Vital Statistics Program.

County & District Clerk Technology Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to the costs of continuing education and training for the judges and clerks on technological enhancements and for the purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements.

County Record Management & Preservation Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to records management on a countywide basis.

District Court Records Technology Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to the preservation and restoration of the District Courts records archive.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued)

Help America Vote Act Fund (HAVA) – This fund is to account for voter education, election worker education, updating or acquiring voting systems in accordance with the Federal Help America Vote Act of 2002.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursement of such resources to pay principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for expenditures for construction and renovation of County buildings and facilities.

FLOOD CONTROL

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	Amou		Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	 Actual	(N	egative)
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental	\$	393,500	\$	393,500	\$ 454,765 486	\$	61,265 486
Interest on investments Total revenues		10,000 403,500		10,000 403,500	 1,508 456,759		(8,492) 53,259
EXPENDITURES Roads and highways:		_		_	_		_
Other services		670,000		670,000	303,412		366,588
Total expenditures		670,000		670,000	303,412		366,588
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(266,500)		(266,500)	153,347		419,847
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		2,098,615		2,098,615	 2,098,615		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$</u>	1,832,115	\$	1,832,115	\$ 2,251,962	\$	419,847

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,348,000	\$ 1,348,000	\$ 1,385,861	\$ 37,861
License and permits	213,000	213,000	269,668	56,668
Fees of office	34,500	34,500	61,383	26,883
Fines and forfeitures	74,500	74,500	91,135	16,635
Interest on investments	2,000	2,000	1,022	(978)
Total revenues	1,672,000	1,672,000	1,809,069	137,069
EXPENDITURES				
Roads and highways:				
Salaries	472,740	472,740	462,740	10,000
Benefits	216,715	216,715	215,238	1,477
Supplies	697,800	703,100	398,562	304,538
Other services Debt service:	879,000	779,554	811,582	(32,028)
Principal	194,064	194,064	194,064	_
Interest	32,507	32,507	32,507	_
Capital outlay	-	67,146	126,761	(59,615)
Total expenditures	2,492,826	2,465,826	2,241,454	224,372
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(820,826)	(793,826)	(432,385)	361,441
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	=	583,605	583,605
Issuance of financed purchase	-	28,000	-	(28,000)
Sale of capital assets			13,325	13,325
Total other financing sources (uses)		28,000	596,930	568,930
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(820,826)	(765,826)	164,545	930,371
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(28,096)	(28,096)	(28,096)	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ (848,922)</u>	\$ (793,922)	\$ 136,449	\$ 930,371

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 2

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	± 1 240 000	± 1.240.000	A 1 20E 061	4 27.061
Property taxes	\$ 1,348,000	\$ 1,348,000	\$ 1,385,861	\$ 37,861
License and permits Fees of office	213,000 34,500	213,000 34,500	269,668 61,383	56,668 26,883
Fines and forfeitures	74,500	74,500	91,133	16,633
Interest on investments	3,500	3,500	12,132	8,632
Other	1,000	1,000	161	(839)
Total revenues	1,674,500	1,674,500	1,820,338	145,838
EXPENDITURES Roads and highways:				
Salaries	488,515	488,515	481,022	7,493
Benefits	220,598	220,598	217,186	3,412
Supplies Other services	608,300 306,800	552,300 334,800	369,893 319,771	182,407 15,029
Debt service:	300,600	334,000	319,771	13,029
Principal	184,670	184,670	184,670	_
Interest	21,807	21,807	21,807	-
Capital outlay	112,500	112,500	236,020	(123,520)
Total expenditures	1,943,190	1,915,190	1,830,369	84,821
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(268,690)	(240,690)	(10,031)	230,659
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	=	-	250,000	250,000
Issuance of financed purchase	-	-	140,500	140,500
Sale of capital assets	1,000		2,125	2,125
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,000		392,625	392,625
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(267,690)	(240,690)	382,594	623,284
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	566,894	566,894	566,894	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 299,204	\$ 326,204	\$ 949,488	\$ 623,284

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 3

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,348,000	\$ 1,348,000	\$ 1,385,861	\$ 37,861
License and permits	213,000	213,000	269,668	56,668
Fees of office	34,500	34,500	61,383	26,883
Fines and forfeitures	74,500	74,500	91,133	16,633
Interest on investments	5,000	5,000	20,215	15,215
Other	1,000	1,000	1,163	163
Total revenues	1,676,000	1,676,000	1,829,423	153,423
EXPENDITURES Roads and highways:				
Salaries	483,379	483,379	455,591	27,788
Benefits	219,541	219,541	213,576	5,965
Supplies	837,800	714,800	295,863	418,937
Other services	390,300	400,300	377,125	23,175
Debt service:				
Principal	259,890	259,890	259,838	52
Interest	36,767	36,767	36,721	46
Capital outlay	90,000	203,000	206,269	(3,269)
Total expenditures	2,317,677	2,317,677	1,844,983	472,694
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(641,677)	(641,677)	(15,560)	626,117
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in			250,000	250,000
Total other financing sources (uses)			250,000	250,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(641,677)	(641,677)	234,440	876,117
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	723,602	723,602	723,602	<u> </u>
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 81,925	\$ 81,925	\$ 958,042	\$ 876,117

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 4

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,348,000	\$ 1,348,000	\$ 1,385,861	\$ 37,861
License and permits	213,000	213,000	269,668	56,668
Fees of office	34,500	34,500	61,383	26,883
Fines and forfeitures	74,500	74,500	91,133	16,633
Interest on investments	4,000	4,000	18,047	14,047
Other	1,000	1,000		(1,000)
Total revenues	1,675,000	1,675,000	1,826,092	151,092
EXPENDITURES Roads and highways:				
Salaries	487,440	487,440	484,933	2,507
Benefits	220,399	220,399	218,076	2,323
Supplies	633,250	633,250	473,763	159,487
Other services	682,000	682,000	469,471	212,529
Capital outlay	75,000	75,000	54,005	20,995
Total expenditures	2,098,089	2,098,089	1,700,248	397,841
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(423,089)	(423,089)	125,844	548,933
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	250,000	250,000
Sale of capital assets			10,700	10,700
Total other financing sources (uses)			260,700	260,700
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(423,089)	(423,089)	386,544	809,633
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	578,404	578,404	578,404	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 155,315</u>	\$ 155,315	\$ 964,948	\$ 809,633

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Forfeitures	\$	_	\$	_	\$	25,550	\$	25,550
Interest on investments	Ψ	4,000	Ψ	4,000	Ψ	7,573	Ψ	3,573
Total revenues		4,000		4,000		33,123		29,123
EXPENDITURES Judicial:								
Other services		39,026		39,026		57,108		(18,082)
Total expenditures		39,026		39,026		57,108		(18,082)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(35,026)		(35,026)		(23,985)		11,041
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		299,879		299,879		299,879		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	264,853	\$	264,853	\$	275,894	\$	11,041

SHERIFF SEIZURE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,050	\$ 33,050
Forfeitures	1,500	1,500	35,509	34,009
Interest on investments	500	500	1,099	599
Total revenues	2,000	2,000	69,658	67,658
EXPENDITURES Public safety:				
Supplies	13,000	13,000	-	13,000
Other services	22,000	22,000	-	22,000
Capital outlay	25,000	25,000		25,000
Total expenditures	60,000	60,000		60,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(58,000)	(58,000)	69,658	127,658
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	391,333	391,333	391,333	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 333,333	\$ 333,333	\$ 460,991	<u>\$ 127,658</u>

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		F10 000	.	F10 000	.	F2F 112	.	17 110
Property taxes Interest on investments	\$	518,000 1,000	\$	518,000 1,000	\$	535,113 490	\$	17,113 (510)
Total revenues		519,000		519,000		535,603		16,603
EXPENDITURES Debt service:								
Principal		375,000		375,000		375,000		-
Interest		178,998		178,998		179,073		(75)
Total expenditures		553,998		553,998		554,073		(75)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(34,998)		(34,998)		(18,470)		16,528
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		21,092		21,092		21,092		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	(13,906)	\$	(13,906)	\$	2,622	\$	16,528

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individual, private organizations and other governments.

County Treasurer – This fund is used as a clearing account for the allocation of resources collected by fee offices, pending audit and distribution to other entities.

District Clerk – This fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals in accordance with court ordered decrees by the District Clerk.

Tax Assessor and Collector – This fund is used to record tax collections which are deposited intact pending audit and distribution to the state and other taxing authorities.

Juvenile Probation and Corrections – This fund is used to account for funds received from the State of Texas for supervision, rehabilitation and placement of juvenile probationers.

Community Supervision and Corrections – This fund is used to account for funds received from the State of Texas for supervision, rehabilitation and placement of adult probationers.

Inmate Commissary – This fund is used to account for inmate deposits which may be used by inmates to purchase miscellaneous personal items.

Special Lake – This fund is used to account for mortgage payments received from property owners and held in escrow for improvement due to default on a performance bond.

Special Forfeiture – This fund is used to account for cash seized by law enforcement personnel prior to court order as to its disposition.

Economic Development – This fund is used to account for funds available to the Corsicana Navarro County Economic Development commission to be used to further economic development in Navarro County.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds									
	County Treasurer	District Clerk	Tax Assessor and Collector	Juvenile Probation and Corrections						
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$ 2,787,580	\$ 2,729,175	\$ 2,173,511	\$ 30,492						
Total assets	2,787,580	2,729,175	2,173,511	30,492						
LIABILITIES										
Due to other governments	251,790		2,173,511							
Total liabilities	251,790		2,173,511							
NET POSITION										
Restricted for:										
Individuals and organizations	2,535,790	2,729,175		30,492						
	<u>\$ 2,535,790</u>	\$ 2,729,175	\$ -	\$ 30,492						

Custodial Funds

Su	ommunity opervision Corrections	Inmate Commissary		Sp	ecial Lake		Special orfeiture		onomic elopment	То	tal Custodial Funds
<u>\$</u>	533,933 533,933	\$	640,143 640,143	\$	112,271 112,271	<u>\$</u>	79,707 79,707	\$	2,529 2,529	<u>\$</u>	9,089,341 9,089,341
	156,136 156,136		11,297 11,297		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		2,592,734 2,592,734
 \$	377,797 377,797	 \$	628,846 628,846	 \$	112,271 112,271	 \$	79,707 79,707	<u> </u>	2,529 2,529		6,496,607 6,496,607

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

		Custodia	al Funds	
	County Treasurer	District Clerk	Tax Assessor and Collector	Juvenile Probation and Corrections
ADDITIONS	+ 005 745	_	_	_
Registry deposits	\$ 805,715	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Receipts from inmates	-	1 244 467	-	407.002
State funds received Seizures collections	-	1,244,467	-	497,892
Restitution collections	- E7 730	-	-	-
Hot check collections	57,728	-	-	-
Tax collections	10,252	-	106,334,521	-
	-	-		-
Vehicle registration collections	- 379,307	-	15,518,578	-
Cash bond receipts Investment earnings	113,984	-	-	480
-				-
Total additions	1,366,986	1,244,467	121,853,099	498,372
DEDUCTIONS				
Registry withdrawals	171,854	-	-	-
Registry fees to clerk	32,715	-	-	-
Inmate disbursement	163,187	-	-	-
Disbursements to others	474,765	-	-	-
State disbursements	-	-	-	-
Seizure disbursements	-	3,076,259	-	498,072
Restitution paid	5,117	-	-	-
Hot check disbursements	43,311	-	-	-
Tax disbursements	-	-	106,334,521	-
Vehicle registration disbursements			15,518,578	
Total deductions	890,949	3,076,259	121,853,099	498,072
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	476,037	(1,831,792)	-	300
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	2,059,753	4,560,967		30,192
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 2,535,790	\$ 2,729,175	\$ -	\$ 30,492

Custodial Funds

Supe	Community Supervision Inmate and Corrections Commissary			Special Lake			Special Forfeiture		Economic Development		Total Custodial Funds	
\$	_	\$	220,738	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,026,453	
	-		209,309		-	•	-		-		209,309	
1,	375,051		-		-		-		-		3,117,410	
	-		-		-		67,836		-		67,836	
1,	240,552		-		-		-		-		1,298,280	
	-		-		-		-		-		10,252	
	-		-		-		-		-		106,334,521	
	-		-		-		-		-		15,518,578	
	-		-		-		-		-		379,307	
	5,851				5,990		7,175		247		133,727	
2,	621,454		430,047		5,990		75,011		247		128,095,673	
	-		-		-		-		-		171,854	
	-		-		-		-		-		32,715	
	-		201,465		-		-		-		364,652	
	-		191,588		-		-		-		666,353	
1,	299,650		-		-		-		-		1,299,650	
	-		-		-		-		-		3,574,331	
1,	258,767		-		-		74,905		-		1,338,789	
	-		-		-		-		-		43,311	
	-		-		-		-		-		106,334,521	
	-										15,518,578	
2,	558,417		393,053				74,905				129,344,754	
	63,037		36,994		5,990		106		247		(1,249,081)	
:	314,760		591,852		106,281		79,601		2,282		7,745,688	
\$:	377,797	\$	628,846	\$	112,271	\$	79,707	\$	2,529	\$	6,496,607	

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STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Navarro County, Texas' annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	72
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.	80
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future	86
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic information indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	91
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	93
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.	

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
	2024	2023	2022	2021				
Governmental activities:								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$13,762,985 8,070,347 25,221,701	\$ 8,878,012 6,413,072 21,552,492	\$ 7,201,896 6,522,672 18,750,804	\$ 7,868,600 5,927,055 11,004,426				
Total governmental activities net position	47,055,033	36,843,576	32,475,372	24,800,081				
Primary government:								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	13,762,985 8,070,347 25,221,701	8,878,012 6,413,072 21,552,492	7,201,896 6,522,672 18,750,804	7,868,600 5,927,055 11,004,426				
Total primary government net position	\$47,055,033	\$36,843,576	\$32,475,372	\$24,800,081				

Source: Navarro County financial records.

Fiscal Year

2020	2020 2019		2018		2017	2016	2015	
\$ 7,705,458	\$	7,590,076	\$	8,081,111	\$ 9,007,054	\$ 9,278,430	\$	9,958,598
6,300,463		4,535,323		4,243,582	4,119,555	5,803,287		3,862,529
 7,391,595		4,977,326		6,312,632	 7,157,731	 7,779,915		8,293,30 <u>5</u>
 21,397,516		17,102,725		18,637,325	 20,284,340	 22,861,632		22,114,432
7,705,458		7,590,076		8,081,111	9,007,054	9,278,430		9,958,598
6,300,463		4,535,323		4,243,582	4,119,555	5,803,287		3,862,529
7,391,595		4,977,326		6,312,632	7,157,731	7,779,915		8,293,305
\$ 21,397,516	\$	17,102,725	\$	18,637,325	\$ 20,284,340	\$ 22,861,632	\$	22,114,432

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisc	al Year	
	2024	2023	2022	2021
EVDENCEC				
EXPENSES Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 10,075,438	\$ 11,053,149	\$ 8,140,005	\$ 8,128,277
Judicial	5,130,685	4,664,915	3,787,609	3,501,566
Public safety	18,108,278	17,694,509	15,725,712	14,531,672
Health and welfare	74,860	500,027	507,551	634,110
Roads and highways	7,417,803	6,610,566	6,103,302	6,134,217
Interest on long-term debt	284,999	284,001	261,517	258,848
Total expenses	41,092,063	40,807,167	34,525,696	33,188,690
PROGRAM REVENUES				
Governmental activities: Fees, fines and charges for services:				
General government	1,811,344	1,729,418	2,107,824	1,697,006
Judicial	634,786	866,648	797,150	638,133
Public safety	808,369	556,826	496,190	400,687
Roads and highways	1,078,672	891,452	861,820	858,928
Operating grants and contributions	10,580,426	7,722,794	5,636,296	4,015,761
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	, , , ₋	-
Total governmental activities				
program revenues	14,913,597	11,767,138	9,899,280	7,610,515
program revenues	14,515,557	11,707,130	3,033,200	7,010,515
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES				
Governmental activities	(26,178,466)	(29,040,029)	(24,626,416)	(25,578,175)
Total primary government				
net expense	\$ (26,178,466)	\$ (29,040,029)	\$ (24,626,416)	\$ (25,578,175)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CH	HANGES IN NET P	OSITION		
Governmental activities:				
Taxes				
Property taxes	\$ 31,054,372	\$ 28,493,052	\$ 27,266,030	\$ 25,959,503
Sales tax	4,161,124	4,200,032	4,256,781	3,358,084
Mixed beverage Investment earnings	90,393	76,375	77,755	69,233
Miscellaneous	931,922 105,536	305,163 304,579	83,847 301,477	126,150 263,841
Gain from sale of capital assets	46,576	29,032	315,817	203,041
Special item	-0,570	29,032	515,617	(796,071)
•	26 200 022	22 400 222	22 201 707	
Total governmental activities	36,389,923	33,408,233	32,301,707	28,980,740
Total primary government	36,389,923	33,408,233	32,301,707	28,980,740
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				
Governmental activities	10,211,457	4,368,204	7,675,291	3,402,565
Total primary government	\$ 10,211,457	\$ 4,368,204	\$ 7,675,291	\$ 3,402,565
Prior period adjustment/				
Change in accounting principle	_	_	_	_
change in accounting principle				

Source: Navarro County financial records

Fisca	I Year
-------	--------

					Fiscal	Year	•				
	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
\$	8,446,728	\$	7,810,731	\$	7,593,764	\$	7,163,449	\$	7,647,872	\$	9,829,863
4	3,463,930	7	4,193,313	7	4,043,770	7	3,644,029	Ψ.	3,248,964	7	2,917,168
	14,955,859		15,553,041		14,576,160		14,330,396		13,370,878		12,809,589
	1,389,237		500,000		487,557		500,000		503,212		500,000
	5,742,915		5,212,407		5,222,591		5,827,624		7,592,634		4,954,679
	268,060		362,697		297,405		309,293		287,545		314,164
	34,266,729		33,632,189		32,221,247		31,774,791		32,651,105		31,325,463
	1,602,916		1,645,036		1,510,633		1,500,684		1,577,749		1,524,324
	785,539		1,035,640		1,272,763		1,118,802		1,079,082		955,981
	433,117		792,445		944,774		423,771		506,491		555,948
	790,612		848,832		840,040		840,960		859,288		801,772
	5,945,622		3,898,159		3,716,526		3,721,451		7,351,399		7,699,167
	245,723		-		114,561	_					-
	9,803,529		8,220,112		8,399,297		7,605,668		11,374,009		11,537,192
	(24,463,200)		(25,412,077)		(23,821,950)		(24,169,123)		(21,277,096)		(19,788,271)
<u>\$</u>	(24,463,200)	\$	(25,412,077)	\$	(23,821,950)	<u>\$</u>	(24,169,123)	\$	(21,277,096)	<u>\$</u>	(19,788,271)
\$	24,744,486	\$	20,851,759	\$	19,846,050	\$	18,883,935	\$	18,572,564	\$	18,041,387
	2,848,202		2,691,975		2,405,730	·	2,413,970		2,318,730	·	2,241,653
	54,011		73,558		54,847		39,561		54,841		51,999
	343,083		115,104		110,632		102,379		74,715		114,256
	414,219		145,081		173,749		151,986		103,507		117,139
	353,990 -		- -		-		- -		- -		- -
_	28,757,991		23,877,477		22,591,008		21,591,831		21,124,357		20,566,434
	28,757,991		23,877,477		22,591,008		21,591,831		21,124,357		20,566,434
	4,294,791		(1,534,600)		(1,230,942)		(2,577,292)		(152,739)		778,163
\$	4,294,791	\$	(1,534,600)	\$	(1,230,942)	\$	(2,577,292)	\$	(152,739)	\$	778,163
					(416,073)						(333,456)
					(410,073)					_	(333,430)

FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
	2024	2023	2022	2021			
General fund							
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Assigned	3,806,153	3,806,153	3,806,153	3,806,153			
Unassigned	21,630,966	19,531,179	18,757,895	14,414,585			
Total general fund	25,437,119	23,337,332	22,564,048	18,220,738			
All other governmental funds							
Restricted	7,841,550	6,176,801	6,310,685	5,739,943			
Unassigned	(186,839)	(204,181)	(113,252)	(42,031)			
Total all other							
governmental funds	<u>\$ 7,654,711</u>	\$ 5,972,620	\$ 6,197,433	\$ 5,697,912			

Source: Navarro County financial records

Fiscal Year

2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
\$ -	\$	29,095	\$ 29,095	\$ 51,881	\$ 155,818	\$	136,034
-		1,339,292	2,451,033	2,191,056	1,887,195		1,794,505
 10,783,593		7,427,280	 5,602,101	 6,211,211	 6,882,261		6,463,774
 10,783,593		8,795,667	 8,082,229	 8,454,148	 8,925,274		8,394,313
6,121,037		4,377,242	3,970,477	3,980,564	4,860,184		5,954,054
 (58,936)		-	 	 	 (1,043,304)		
\$ 6,062,101	\$	4,377,242	\$ 3,970,477	\$ 3,980,564	\$ 3,816,880	\$	5,954,054

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fisca	l Yea	r		
		2024		2023		2022		2021
REVENUES Property taxes	\$	31,083,291	d-	28,374,527	¢.	27,217,501	¢	25,968,454
Sales tax and other	Þ	4,251,517	\$	4,276,407	\$	4,334,536	\$	3,427,317
Intergovernmental		10,513,437		7,578,379		5,509,736		4,716,144
Licenses and permits		1,078,672		891,452		861,820		858,928
Fees of office		2,652,425		2,538,680		2,648,542		2,387,371
Fines and forfeitures		674,119		752,855		693,001		525,038
Interest on investments		931,922		305,163		83,847		126,150
Other		106,252		304,579		301,477		261,972
Total revenues		51,291,635	_	45,022,042		41,650,460		38,271,374
EXPENDITURES								
General government		10,112,697		10,410,601		7,650,495		7,295,919
Judicial		5,378,579		4,867,012		4,173,762		3,543,643
Public safety		18,795,061		17,609,923		16,449,734		14,140,794
Health and welfare		77,552		500,000		500,000		634,588
Roads and highways		6,567,804		5,988,071		5,574,563		5,715,939
Capital outlay Debt service		4,854,287		3,383,723		2,320,842		864,112
Principal		1,524,209		1,464,295		1,005,039		926,730
Interest and fiscal charges		293,600		293,444		241,613		264,945
Costs of debt issuance		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		157,508		224,896		396,317		391,147
Total expenditures		47,761,297		44,741,965		38,312,365		33,777,817
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	3,530,338	\$	280,077	\$	3,338,095	\$	4,493,557
OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Issuance of debt		- F1 064		- FF 62F		- 75 01 <i>6</i>		- 1
Issuance of lease Issuance of SBITA		51,964 (1,333,605)		55,635 939,997		75,016		154,041
Issuance of financed purchase		140,500		737,421		1,847,481		_
Sale of capital assets		59,076		69,209		453,689		20,040
Total other financing		39,070		09,209		+33,009		20,040
sources (uses)		(1,082,065)		1,802,262		2,376,186		174,081
		2 440 272		2 002 220		F 71.4.201		4.667.630
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,448,273	_	2,082,339		5,714,281		4,667,638
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT/								
CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
DEBT SERVICES (PRINCIPAL AND								
INTEREST) AS PERCENTAGE OF		A 220/		A 2E0/		2 460/		3 630/
NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	_	4.32%	_	4.35%	_	3.46%	_	3.62%

Source: Navarro County financial records

Fiscal Year

	Fiscal Year											
	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
_	24 500 000		24 070 402		10 755 710		10.005.000	_	10 100 100	_	17.000.000	
\$	24,598,200	\$	21,078,193	\$	19,755,712	\$	18,936,898	\$	18,488,480	\$	17,990,383	
	2,902,213		2,765,533		2,460,577		2,453,531		2,373,571		2,293,652	
	5,310,990 790,612		3,971,214 848,832		3,966,130 840,040		4,242,687 840,960		7,168,446 859,288		7,098,835 801,772	
	2,343,035		2,231,691		2,142,721		2,085,721		1,825,932		2,030,619	
	608,445		1,028,080		1,160,767		1,082,732		1,041,716		989,641	
	343,083		115,104		110,632		102,379		74,715		114,256	
	414,219		274,446		366,227		226,915		479,586		714,786	
	37,310,797	-	32,313,093		30,802,806		29,971,823	-	32,311,734	-	32,033,944	
	3, 13 101, 3,		32/313/633		30/002/000		23/371/023		32/311/, 31		32/033/311	
	7,537,448		6,624,841		6,810,425		6,406,587		6,349,701		9,398,667	
	3,406,206 14,201,572		3,904,798 14,020,139		4,002,336 13,674,261		3,445,310 12,989,948		3,200,762 12,449,378		2,982,851 12,367,418	
	1,376,220		500,000		487,541		500,000		500,000		500,000	
	5,256,966		4,405,092		4,554,721		5,064,510		6,917,665		4,345,828	
	882,566		1,312,465		949,619		1,810,583		3,639,988		4,473,887	
	1,548,931		996,555		574,130		666,614		529,393		849,867	
	289,364		323,272		296,666		300,608		285,919		335,851	
	-		25,000				-		-		-	
	384,377		340,446		338,579		349,278		446,328		436,490	
-	34,883,650	-	32,452,608		31,688,278		31,533,438		34,319,134		35,690,859	
\$	2,427,147	\$	(139,515)	\$	(885,472)	\$	(1,561,615)	\$	(2,007,400)	\$	(3,656,915)	
\$	-	\$	66,227	\$	-	\$	420,381	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		(66,227)		-		(420,381)		-		_	
	- 384,375		1,100,000 155,499		- 649,461		- 1,149,854		398,399		131,807	
	JO4,J/J -		155,499		-		-		-		131,007	
	_		-		-		-		_		_	
	861,263		4,219		2,931		104,319		2,788		38,416	
	1,245,638		1,259,718		652,392		1,254,173		401,187		170,223	
	2 672 707		1 120 202		(222.222)		(207.445)		(4.606.045)		(2.405.505)	
	3,672,785		1,120,203		(233,080)		(307,442)		(1,606,213)		(3,486,692)	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	(148,926)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	(333,456)	
<u>T</u>		<u>*</u>		<u> </u>	(= :0,5=0)	<u>T</u>		<u>T</u>		<u>T</u>	(===,:==)	
	5.41%	_	4.34%		2.84%		3.26%		2.60%		3.32%	

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Real Property

Fiscal Year	_	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Other Property	Personal Property		
2024	\$	3,107,417,227	\$ 2,570,565,481	\$ 2,531,371,392	\$	1,764,040,910	
2023		2,676,304,017	4,839,291,197	2,157,076,994		1,635,351,036	
2022		2,195,050,399	3,536,904,104	1,493,273,953		1,517,487,310	
2021		1,712,690,207	2,694,180,998	1,145,257,417		1,262,685,250	
2020		1,596,623,293	2,371,898,802	1,013,835,832		1,376,695,870	
2019		1,507,145,422	2,310,056,480	753,423,366		1,239,012,900	
2018		1,479,572,425	2,162,767,437	807,114,404		895,879,723	
2017		1,365,507,347	2,073,336,020	787,903,490		859,879,723	
2016		1,239,467,692	1,917,182,983	711,249,302		839,283,030	
2015		1,173,268,641	1,736,195,562	695,298,377		859,851,373	

Source: Navarro County Appraisal District

Notes:

a - Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value.

b - Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

	Less: Tax-exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value ^a	Total Direct <u>Tax</u> Rate ^b			
\$	2,896,968,710	7,076,426,300	\$	0.43		
Ψ	3,465,120,377	7,842,902,867		0.52		
	2,367,554,458	6,375,161,308		0.60		
	1,629,032,717	5,185,781,155		0.60		
	1,398,038,104	4,961,015,693		0.60		
	1,396,902,375	4,412,735,793		0.62		
	1,298,517,979	4,046,816,010		0.63		
	1,277,639,610	3,808,986,970		0.63		
	1,117,222,178	3,589,960,829		0.63		
	963,963,545	3,500,650,408		0.63		

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATE (PER \$ 100 ASSESSED VALUE)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year									
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020	
County direct rates General	¢	0.3436	\$	0.4123	\$	0.4818	\$	0.4879	\$	0.4925	
Debt Service	\$	0.3436	\$	0.4123	Þ	0.4818	\$	0.4879	\$	0.4925	
Road and bridge		0.0076		0.0103		0.0104		0.1038		0.0104	
Flood control		0.0061		0.0073		0.1036		0.1036		0.0090	
		,			-	_				_	
Total direct rate		0.4329		0.5173		0.6045		0.6045		0.6270	
Cities											
Barry		0.2569		0.3517		0.3517		0.3938		0.3871	
Blooming Grove		0.3053		0.3776		0.3776		0.4175		0.4175	
Corsicana		0.4526		0.5288		0.5288		0.6120		0.6120	
Dawson		0.3107		0.3726		0.3726		0.4271		0.4190	
Emhouse		0.1418		0.2060		0.2060		0.2296		0.2350	
Frost		0.3948		0.4351		0.4351		0.4860		0.4901	
Goodlow		0.0624		0.0707		0.0707		0.0839		0.0862	
Kerens		0.5672		0.6208		0.6208		0.6805		0.6805	
Rice		0.4076		0.5003		0.5003		0.5500		0.5500	
Richland		0.2064		0.2550		0.2550		0.2732		0.2760	
School Districts											
Blooming Grove		0.7431		0.9243		0.9243		0.9601		0.9587	
Corsicana		0.8643		1.1620		1.1620		1.2443		1.2666	
Dawson		0.9902		1.0988		1.0988		1.1756		1.1939	
Frost		1.0015		1.1869		1.1869		1.2367		1.2326	
Kerens		0.9892		1.1746		1.1746		1.1920		1.2291	
Mildred		1.0042		1.0544		1.0544		1.1114		1.2242	
Rice		1.1673		1.3528		1.3528		1.4168		1.4263	
Colleges											
Navarro College		0.0960		0.1072		0.1072		0.1164		0.1164	

Source: Navarro County Appraisal District

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments that apply to property owners within Navarro County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all County property owners. For example, although the total Direct Rate for Navarro County applies to all County property owners, a specific City's tax rate applies only to those taxpayers whose property is located within the City's geographic boundaries. The Navarro College rate applies to all County property owners.

		scal Year				
2019	2018		2017		2016	2015
				•	_	
\$ 0.4925	\$ 0.4925	\$	0.4925	\$	0.4909	\$ 0.4909
0.0184	0.0184		0.0184		0.0200	0.0200
0.1071	0.1071		0.1071		0.1071	0.1071
0.0090	 0.0090		0.0090		0.0090	 0.0090
 0.6270	 0.6270		0.6270		0.6270	 0.6270
0.4053	0.4034		0.4034		0.3851	0.3851
0.4550	0.4230		0.4801		0.4801	0.4512
0.6272	0.6272		0.6272		0.6272	0.6272
0.4324	0.4308		0.4324		0.4234	0.4000
0.2524	0.2943		0.2943		0.2943	0.2943
0.5394	0.5504		0.5690		0.5690	0.5611
0.0897	0.0897		0.0897		0.0897	0.0897
0.6805	0.6922		0.6735		0.6839	0.6803
0.5728	0.5990		0.5990		0.5990	0.5844
0.2800	0.2341		0.2359		0.2330	0.2330
1.0762	1.1300		1.1300		1.1300	1.1300
1.2831	1.3703		1.3703		1.3703	1.3703
1.3894	1.4654		1.2922		1.2922	1.2922
1.4243	1.5925		1.1743		1.2208	1.2308
1.3300	1.4400		1.4400		1.1100	1.1100
1.2859	1.3928		1.2812		1.2812	1.2812
1.5249	1.6265		1.6265		1.3365	1.3365
0.1164	0.1218		0.1218		0.1183	0.1183

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year 2024 2015 Percentage Percentage of Total of Total Taxable Taxable Taxable Taxable Assessed Assessed Assessed Assessed Taxpayer Value Rank Value Value Rank Value Limestone Wind LLC 257,699,030 3.56% \$ \$ 1 Seaway Crude Pipeline LP 140,558,400 2 1.94% 45,366,960 6 1.26% Fence Post Solar Project LLC 124,843,500 3 1.73% Oncor Electric Delivery Co LLC 114,230,400 49,835,890 1.39% 4 1.58% 4 Pactiv Foam 92,263,650 5 1.28% 24,800,084 10 0.69% Briar Breek Solar LLC 88,281,024 6 1.22% 84,783,440 **Guardian Industries** 7 1.17% 45,928,470 5 1.28% Grand Prix Pipeline LLC 84,589,000 8 1.17% 69,462,750 Energy Transfer Fuel LP 1.84% 9 0.96% 66,068,120 1 Permian Express Patners 64,556,100 10 0.89% Nalco Company 2 1.58% 56,587,750 Lone Star Transmisson 50,788,550 3 1.41% Russell Stover Candies 40,899,980 7 1.14% Union Pacific Railroad Co 8 31,648,440 0.88% True Value Co 27,651,750 9 0.77% 1,121,267,294 439,575,994 12.24% Total 15.50% \$ 7,076,426,300 \$ 3,500,650,408 100.00% 100.00% Total taxable assessed value

Source: Navarro Central Appraisal District

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Collected within the

		Fiscal Year of	the Levy		Total Collectio	ns to Date
Fiscal Year	Tax Levy as of Fiscal Year End ^a	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Collections	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2024	\$ 30,493,846	\$ 30,086,847	98.67%	\$ -	\$ 30,086,847	98.67%
2023	28,401,385	28,061,082	98.80%	340,303	28,401,385	100.00%
2022	26,864,967	26,289,852	97.86%	575,115	26,864,967	100.00%
2021	25,544,212	24,999,523	97.87%	518,793	25,518,316	99.90%
2020	24,510,611	23,706,823	96.72%	555,335	24,262,158	98.99%
2019	21,015,271	20,461,517	97.36%	463,359	20,924,876	99.57%
2018	19,641,289	19,176,629	97.63%	412,775	19,589,404	99.74%
2017	18,667,254	18,186,299	97.42%	153,083	18,339,382	98.24%
2016	18,321,633	17,838,796	97.36%	151,249	17,990,045	98.19%
2015	18,337,365	17,493,815	95.40%	158,191	17,652,006	96.26%

Source: Navarro County Tax Assessor/Collector

Notes:

a - Tax levies consider supplemental value changes during the initial fiscal year.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Tax Notes	Leases	SBITA	Financed Purchases	Total Long-term Debt	Percentage of Personal Income ^{b,c}	Per <u>Capita^b</u>
2024	\$ 4,630,000	\$ 339,000	\$ 136,187	\$ 412,448	\$ 1,813,937	\$ 7,331,572	0.28%	\$ 129.69
2023	5,005,000	501,000	161,329	683,979	2,312,009	8,663,317	0.35%	155.72
2022	5,365,000	658,000	123,150	67,899	2,137,840	8,351,889	0.33%	151.62
2021	5,715,000	810,000	475,805	-	-	7,000,805	0.23%	130.63
2020	6,050,000	957,000	765,607	-	-	7,772,607	0.39%	155.10
2019	6,370,000	1,100,000	1,454,710	-	-	8,924,710	0.47%	183.26
2018	6,680,000	-	1,990,263	-	-	8,670,263	0.48%	178.03
2017	6,970,000	-	1,627,121	-	-	8,597,121	0.49%	176.53
2016	7,245,000	-	868,881	-	-	8,113,881	0.49%	166.23
2015	7,500,000	-	936,531	-	-	8,436,531	0.49%	174.59

Source: Navarro County financial records

Notes: a - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

 $\ensuremath{\text{b}}$ - See Table 13 for personal income and population data.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

General Bonded Debt Outstanding Less: Percentage of Net General General Amounts Actual Taxable Obligation Available for Bonded Fiscal Tax Financed Property Per SBITA Purchases Bonds Notes Total Debt Service Debt . Value^b Capita^c Year Leases 129.64 2024 \$4,630,000 \$ 339,000 \$136,187 \$412,448 \$ 1,813,937 \$ 7,331,572 \$ 2,622 \$7,328,950 0.10% 2023 5,005,000 501,000 161,329 683,979 2,312,009 8,663,317 40,505 8,622,812 0.17% 154.99 2022 5,365,000 658,000 123,150 67,899 2,137,840 8,351,889 28,616 8,323,273 0.13% 152.34 475,805 97,788 6,903,017 2021 5,715,000 810,000 7,000,805 0.13% 128.81 6,050,000 147.58 2020 957,000 765,607 7,772,607 457,838 7,314,769 0.15% 2019 6,370,000 1,100,000 1,454,710 8,924,710 292,583 8,632,127 0.20% 174.16 2018 6,680,000 1,990,263 8,670,263 210,359 8,459,904 0.21% 173.71 2017 6,970,000 1,627,121 8,597,121 133,507 8,463,614 0.22% 173.79 2016 7,245,000 868,881 8,113,881 63,905 8,049,976 0.22% 165.90 2015 7,500,000 936,531 8,436,531 2,243 8,434,288 0.24% 174.54

Source Navarro County financial records

Notes: a - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

b - See Table 5 for property value data.

c - See Table 13 for population data.

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DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

		Percentage Overlapping Navarro		Not Dobt		Subtotals
	Taxing Jurisdiction	County		Net Debt		Subtotals
County-wide	- axing surrounding					
,	Navarro County	<u>100.00%</u>	\$	7,331,572		
Total direct debt		<u>100.00%</u>			\$	7,331,572
Cities						
	Angus	100.00%		-		
	Barry	100.00%		-		
	Blooming Grove	100.00%		-		
	Corsicana	100.00%		51,335,000		
	Dawson	100.00%		, , , <u>-</u>		
	Emhouse	100.00%		-		
	Eureka	100.00%		-		
	Frost	100.00%		-		
	Goodlow	100.00%		-		
	Kerens	100.00%		-		
	Mildred	100.00%		-		
	Navarro Valley	100.00%		-		
	Oak Valley	100.00%		-		
	Powell	100.00%		-		
	Retreat	100.00%		-		
	Rice	100.00%		-		
	Richland	100.00%		-		
	Streetman	<u>100.00</u> %				
	Total Cities	<u>100.00</u> %	_	51,335,000		
School District (%	of assessed value)					
	Blooming Grove	100.00%		315,000		
	Bynum	66.00%		28,347		
	Corsicana	100.00%		70,602,792		
	Dawson	98.94%		19,315,216		
	Ennis	0.97%		630,031		
	Fairfield	11.86%		798,059		
	Frost	91.62%		5,094,988		
	Kerens	100.00%		13,175,000		
	Mildred	100.00%		13,565,000		
	Rice	100.00%		21,282,442		
	Wortham	<u>17.12</u> %		966,424		
	Total School Districts	43.36%	_	145,773,299		
Colleges		_				
Colleges	Navarro Collogo	100.00%	\$	12,768,058		
Total indicate date	Navarro College	100.00	<u> </u>	12,700,036	t.	200 876 257
Total indirect debt					<u>\$</u>	209,876,357
Total direct and over	erlapping debt				\$	217,207,929

Sources: Net debt information in this table was obtained by direct contact with each jurisdiction without further verification, except school districts. School District information obtained from TEA web site.

Note: The Percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the taxing entity's taxable value that is within the County's boundaries and dividing it by the taxing entity's total taxable assessed value.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
	_	2024	2023		2022		2021	
Assessed value of real property	\$	6,574,597,747	\$	4,932,048,314	\$	5,491,496,778	\$	4,554,137,262
Debt limit rate	_	5%	_	5%	-	5%	_	<u>5%</u>
Debt limit Debt applicable to limit:	_	328,729,887	_	246,602,416	_	274,574,839	_	227,706,863
Total bonded debt Less: amount set aside for repayment	_	4,969,000 2,622		5,506,000 40,505		6,023,000 28,616	_	6,525,000 97,788
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	4,966,378	_	5,465,495	-	5,994,384	_	6,427,212
Legal debt margin	\$_	323,763,509	\$_	241,136,921	\$_	268,580,455	\$_	221,279,651
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		1.51%		2.22%		2.18%		2.82%

Source: Navarro County financial records

Under Legislative provision, any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties, or any political subdivision of the state, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of two-thirds majority of the resident property taxpayers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts, any issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this Constitution, and levy and collect taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof.

Fiscal Year

	2020		2019		2018		2017	2016			2015	
\$	4,961,015,702 <u>5%</u>	\$	4,648,935,793 <u>5%</u>	\$	4,406,198,399 <u>5%</u>	\$	3,808,986,970 <u>5%</u>	\$	3,589,960,829 <u>5%</u>	\$	3,500,650,408 <u>5%</u>	
_	248,050,785	_	232,446,790	_	220,309,920	_	190,449,349	_	179,498,041	_	175,032,520	
_	7,007,000 457,838 6,549,162	_	7,007,000 292,583 6,714,417	_	6,680,000 210,359 6,469,641	_	6,970,000 63,905 6,906,095	_	7,245,000 2,243 7,242,757	_	7,500,000 99,927 7,400,073	
\$_	241,501,623	\$_	225,732,373	\$_	213,840,279	\$_	183,543,254	\$_	172,255,284	\$	167,632,447	
	2.64%		2.89%		2.94%		3.63%		4.04%		4.23%	

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (Unaudited)

		-	County			State	United
Calendar Year	Estimated Population ^a	Personal Income (thousands of dollars) ^a	Per Capita Personal Income ^a	School Enrollment ^b	Unemployment Rate ^c	of Texas Per Capita Personal Income ^a	States Per Capita Personal Income ^a
2024	56,533	\$ 2,650,889	\$ 46,891	9,034	4.50%	\$ 67,942	\$ 69,021
2023	55,635	2,510,808	45,130	10,547	4.00%	60,427	61,738
2022	54,636	2,492,276	45,616	9,887	3.90%	54,488	53,846
2021	53,591	3,059,135	57,083	10,252	5.10%	54,727	55,322
2020	50,113	1,987,095	39,652	9,290	5.70%	54,841	59,642
2019	49,565	1,879,580	37,922	9,915	2.92%	50,355	53,820
2018	48,701	1,799,965	36,960	9,919	3.40%	47,362	51,640
2017	48,701	1,743,642	35,803	9,984	3.60%	46,942	50,392
2016	48,523	1,719,801	35,443	9,866	4.40%	47,636	49,571
2015	48,323	1,729,577	35,792	9,866	4.10%	47,015	48,190

Sources:

- a Texas Workforce Commission , U. S Census Bureau , Bureau of Economic Analysis
- b Texas Education Agency
- c U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Labor

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

(Unaudited)

		2024	
			Percentage of
			Total County
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	<u>Employment</u> ^a
Russell Stover Candies	Candy Manufacturing	936	5.73%
Corsicana I.S.D	Government / Education	886	5.42%
Pactiv	Manufacturing	533	3.26%
Watkins Construction	Energy	505	3.09%
Navarro Regional Hospital	Hospital	365	2.23%
Navarro County	Government/County	360	2.20%
Corsicana Mattress	Retail	350	2.14%
Walmart	Retail	350	2.14%
Collin Street Bakery	Warehouse/Retail	347	2.12%
Navarro College	Education	321	1.96%
Guardian Industries	Glass Manufacturing	318	1.95%
City of Corsicana	Government	295	1.81%
Oil City Iron Works	Castings	214	<u>1.31%</u>
Total		5,780	<u>35.36</u> %

Source: Corsicana/Navarro County Chamber of Commerce

a - September 30, 2024, total employment per Texas Workforce Commission

16,336

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FULL TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General government										
Elected/appointed officials	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	8	5	5
Clerical	47	37	38	40	40	40	40	37	37	38
Building maintenance	47	4	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Environmental	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Judicial										
Judges/justices of the peace	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Criminal District Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant prosecutors	10	6	9	7	7	7	7	8	8	6
Paraprofessionals	9	3	5	6	5	5	5	5	4	5
Investigators	2	2	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Victim Assistance Coordinator	1	1	1	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Clerical	24	12	24	24	18	18	18	13	13	13
Public safety										
County sheriff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Constables	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	4
Patrol/CID	31	30	31	30	30	30	30	30	29	28
Jailers	60	64	65	65	70	70	68	73	70	62
Courthouse Security	5	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administration	15	15	15	15	13	13	13	13	13	11
Juvenile probation	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1
Communications	17	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Roads and highways										
County Commissioners	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Road employees	35	32	33	31	27	27	27	31	28	32
Total	287	253	271	262	254	254	252	251	240	235

Source: Navarro County Treasurer

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year			
Function/Program	2024	2023	2022	2021
General Government				
Auditor's office				
Accounts payable checks issued	5,955	6,152	5,626	5,158
Treasurer's office	3,933	0,132	3,020	3,130
Payroll checks issued	504	593	546	608
Cash receipts issued	10,159	4,248	4,110	3,474
County clerk	10,133	7,270	4,110	3,777
Marriage licenses issued	354	356	356	196
Declarations of informal marriage	15	10	10	9
Birth certificates issued	3,126	2,965	3,009	2,428
Death certificates issued	715	547	5,003 571	617
Tax office	715	347	3/1	017
Title transactions	12,589	12,193	12,408	12,475
Registration transactions	44,946	251,628	246,411	28,292
Tax certificates issued	989	852	1,465	2,013
Liquor receipts issued	14	17	1,405	16
Beer and wine receipts issued	30	21	27	32
Elections administration	30	21	27	32
	22 020	20 005	22 702	20 525
Number of registered voters	32,829	28,805	22,702	30,525
Judicial				
District court				
Civil cases filed	444	448	367	803
Civil cases disposed	486	317	340	613
Criminal cases filed	263	376	308	431
Criminal cases disposed	352	458	553	499
Juvenile cases filed	10	17	18	16
Juvenile cases disposed	17	23	26	12
Family cases	- ,	23	20	
Filed	277	293	300	_
Diposed	287	326	368	_
Statutory County court	207	320	300	
Civil cases filed	138	102	207	480
Civil cases disposed	99	103	174	385
Criminal cases filed	253	341	631	397
Criminal cases disposed	322	361	660	369
Juvenile cases filed	10	17	23	14
Juvenile cases disposed	11	17	36	16
Family cases		17	30	10
Filed	277	278	529	_
Diposed	219	266	509	_
County court	217	200	303	
Civil cases filed	58	231	230	296
Civil cases disposed	67	152	67	75
Criminal cases filed	960	1,029	1,031	1,136
Criminal cases filed Criminal cases disposed	1,340	866	717	500
Justices of the peace	1,540	000	, 1,	300
Civil cases filed	1,305	1,297	1,149	1,327
Civil cases filed Civil cases disposed	1,270	1,246	1,557	1,124
Criminal cases filed	2,808	2,425	2,446	2,249
Criminal cases filed Criminal cases disposed	2,657	2,712	6,052	3,083
Chilling Cases disposed	2,037	۷,/ ۱۷	0,032	3,003

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

	Fiscal Year							
2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015			
5,139	5,257	7,078	3,322	6,781	7,146			
663	925	700	807	826	912			
2,762	3,445	4,046	3,104	3,383	3,127			
286	335	308	309	358	346			
2	12	4	12	6	17			
2,570	3,639	3,141	3,127	3,273	571			
376	594	487	449	442	418			
9,620	12,407	11,024	12,725	11,802	11,469			
24,960	36,313	35,878	242,178	50,911	51,056			
1,598	1,472	1,361	1,748	1,801	1,635			
18	14	18	15	15	15			
33	31	30	29	45	27			
29,365	29,150	28,064	28,000	27,738	25,924			
642	847	728	678	642	761			
604	824	728	800	779	685			
401	669	602	385	538	522			
494	594	605	555	556	537			
17	10	8	10	13	18			
18	13	10	7	20	15			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
463	544	539	421	451	435			
376	590	566	439	354	435			
359	606	510	373	433	348			
501	560	499	433	376	298			
14	16	11	7	14	15			
13	14	7	21	11	17			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
-	-	-	-	-	-			
277	74	196	231	416	88			
277	75	60	33	116	65			
1,072	1,824	1,709	1,812	2,507	1,581			
96	2,206	1,019	1,173	2,831	1,539			
1,181	1,232	1,402	962	706	667			
1,045	1,195	1,258	722	653	638			
2,369	4,713	7,606	6,848	6,715	7,182			
3,044	5,796	6,199	4,673	5,485	5,973			

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year					
Function/Program	2024	2023	2022	2021		
Dublic Cofety						
Public Safety County jail						
Detention officers	59	64	65	65		
Total persons jailed	2,593	2,268	2,283			
, ,	2,393 226	2,266	2,263 242	2,183 201		
Average prisoner days	66	22 4 67	242 62	201 75		
Cost per prisoner day	00	67	62	/5		
County sheriff Administration officers	15	15	15	15		
Patrol officers	15 24	15 22	24	15 23		
Detectives	7	8	7	23 7		
Environmental officers	1	0 1	/	/		
	-	-	1 010	- 789		
Arrests - NCSO Warrants served- NCSO	1,236	1,021	1,018 826	789 826		
Communications	1,633	1,360	020	020		
	15	14	13	13		
Communications officers 911 calls	20,312	23,803	23,424	25,348		
Calls for service		·				
NCSO vehicles	32,534	33,341	34,147	32,395		
Vehicles in fleet	75	81	74	68		
	• •					
Miles driven	941,533	1,040,331	841,031	956,952		
Average miles per vehicle	14,053	15,527	12,553	14,283		
Gasoline used (gallons)	53,479	67,154	64,300	62,400		
Health and welfare						
Number of pauper burial/cremation	11	5	13	6		
Texas AgriLife Extension Service						
Number of educational presentations	76	345	217	75		
Number of participants in						
educational presentations	9,375	13,284	4,136	5,629		
Roads and highways						
Miles of roadways chip sealed	-	-	-	-		
Miles of roadways reconstructed	-	60	14	3		
Miles of roadways overlayed	23	30	22	21		
Number of culverts installed	73	42	55	56		

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

Fiscal Year

			ai reai		
2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
		-			
71	70	68	70	70	68
2,005	2,878	3,490	3,424	3,122	3,552
2,003	2,676	255	236	218	200
72	62	59	64	69	79
14	13	13	13	13	13
22	22	22	22	21	21
6	8	8	8	8	8
-	-	-	-	-	-
619	1,107	1,204	1,587	1,551	1,738
686	1,500	-	-	-	676
13	13	13	13	13	13
22,634	22,936	24,106	24,312	26,359	27,630
29,347	38,892	36,491	24,191	31,884	17,265
- , -	,	,	, -	, , , ,	,
63	75	69	73	69	45
739,618	948,194	846,885	1,079,169	1,004,800	878,043
11,557	14,815	13,233	16,862	14,562	19,365
58,865	67,600	67,757	79,060	72,000	67,100
30,003	07,000	07,737	79,000	72,000	07,100
_	C	2	2		
5	6	2	3	-	-
00	442	207	1.10	246	126
98	413	397	143	346	136
5,105	7,246	10,462	153,486	38,443	9,191
-	-	-	2	-	-
23	2	5	2	10	2
5	2	13	8	2	6
51	60	64	60	97	84

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year					
Function/Program	2024	2023	2022	2021		
General government						
Courthouse	1	1	1	1		
Touchscreen voting machines	127	127	127	137		
Security scan systems	3	3	4	4		
Annex	4	4	4	4		
Public safety						
Justice center	1	1	1	1		
Sheriff's vehicles	75	81	74	68		
Emergency management						
Mobile command center	1	-	-	1		
Emergency operations center	1	1	1	1		
Roads and highways						
County maintenance facilities	5	5	5	5		
Miles of road	916	916	916	916		
Bridges	85	85	85	85		

Sources:

County Auditor - Capital Asset Listing Sheriff's Office Texas Department of Transportation County Commissioners

F	icca	l Year

riscar real									
2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
192	182	152	150	150	147				
4	4	4	4	4	4				
3	3	1	1	1	1				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
63	75	70	85	87	61				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
5	5	5	5	5	5				
916	916	916	916	916	916				
85	85	85	85	85	85				

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